The Sydney Morning Herald.

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CASH TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.
For one inch and under, 3s.; and 1s. for every additional inch for each insertion.

DRAPERS' RACES—HOMEBUSH.

STEAMERS will leave Kellick's Wharf at nine o'clock on Friday morning, and convey passengers to the Races, returning at 5 P.M.

Fares—2s each.

Kellick's Wharf, September 26. 5271

STEAM TO MELBOURNE AND LAUNCESTON.

CALLING AT EDEN AND BOYD, TWOFOLD BAY.

THE IRON STEAM SHIP SHAMROCK, George Gilmore, Commander, will be despatched for the above ports on MONDAY, 1st OCTOBER, at five P.M.

JAMES PATERSON, Secretary,
H.R.S.N. Co.'s Wharf. 4581

FOR THE MANNING RIVER.

THE fast sailing ketch PROSPEROUS will leave Brodie and Craig's Wharf on Monday next. For freight apply to

W. ROBERTS, On board.
All goods stored free of charge. 5185

FOR MORETON BAY.

IN consequence of the inclemency of the weather the MARY STEWART, is unavoidably detained until Friday next, when she will positively sail, wind and weather permitting.

For freight or passage, having superior accommodation, bed and bedding found, apply to the Captain, at the Flour Company's Wharf; or, to

THOMAS STEWART,
5215 Erskine-street.

FOR MORETON BAY.

THE fast-sailing schooner FANCY, A. Barter, master, will sail for the above port in a few days. For freight or passage apply to
5130 Messrs. WM. WALKER AND CO.

FOR MORETON BAY.

THE favourite clipper schooner ELIZABETH JANE, Thomas Stericker, master, having been detained, will sail, wind and weather permitting, on Saturday, the 29th instant.

For freight or passage apply to the master, on board; or to

THOMAS CROFT,
5269 Commercial Wharf.

FOR WIDE BAY DIRECT.

THE fine Schooner SECRET, Jackson, master, having part of her cargo engaged, will sail on Monday, the 1st October.

For freight or passage apply to the master, on board; or to

THOMAS CROFT,
5268 Commercial Wharf.

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.

THE well-known Schooner PHŒBE, Alexander Collings, Master, will be at the Flour Company's Wharf to-morrow morning ready to receive cargo, and having a great portion of it already engaged, early application is necessary.

For particulars of passage apply to

SHEPPARD AND ALGER,
5197 Packet Office, 470, George-street.

FOR MELBOURNE DIRECT.

UNDER ENGAGEMENT TO SAIL ON THE 30TH INSTANT.

THE fine first-class schooner VELOCITY, 170 tons burthen, sails positively on the 30th instant.

For passage, and about fifteen tons of freight, apply on board; or, to

JAMES COOK.
Circular Quay, September 26. 5220

ONLY VESSEL FOR GEELONG.

THE fine schooner TRAZER, 58 tons register, Aldrich, master, having a great portion of cargo engaged, will have quick despatch.

For freight or passage, having superior accommodation, apply on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf; or to

SHEPPARD AND ALGER,
5265 Packet Office, 470, George-street.

FOR ADELAIDE DIRECT.

THE NOTED CLIPPER PHANTOM, 268 tons, Henry T. Fox, Commander, having much of her cargo engaged, will sail on Saturday next. For freight or passage, having superior accommodation, with splendid stern cabin for ladies, apply to

SHEPPARD AND ALGER,
4561 Packet Office, 470, George street.

FOR ADELAIDE DIRECT.

WILL BE DETAINED UNTIL SATURDAY MORNING.

THE fine new packet Brig WILD IRISH GIRL, 160 tons, James Stanes, Commander.

All goods intended for shipment by this vessel must be alongside before two o'clock on Friday, as she will positively clear at the Customs that day, and will proceed to sea as above.

For freight or passage apply on board, at the Queen's Wharf; or, to

JOHN MACNAMARA,
5264 Queen-street.

FIRST VESSEL FOR AUCKLAND DIRECT.

THE well-known brig LOUIS AND MIRIAM, 127 tons register, Pilfold, master, having the principal part of her cargo engaged will have quick despatch.

For passage or freight, having superior accommodation, apply on board, at Campbell's Wharf; to

MOSES JOSEPH;
OR, TO
SHEPPARD AND ALGER,
289 Packet Office, 470, George-street.

FOR AUCKLAND.

FOR PASSENGERS ONLY.

THE BRIG SARAH, 130 tons, Captain Lewis Grant, will sail for the above port, via Newcastle, on Saturday, the 29th instant.

For terms apply on board, at the Flour Company's Wharf; or to

JOSEPH S. WILLIS, Church-hill.
September 27. 5279

FOR CALIFORNIA DIRECT,

BEING THE FIRST VESSEL.

THE fine new clipper built brig ENCHANTRESS, lying at the Circular Wharf, will sail positively on Monday next, the first of October, taking only a few cabin passengers.

For freight and passage apply to R. T. FORD, 8, Bridge-street; or, to the Captain, on board. 5258

FOR CALIFORNIA.

THE fine A1 barque GLOUCESTER, 400 tons burthen, Captain Tardiff, will sail for the above port in all September. For freight or passage apply to the commander, on board, at the Circular Wharf; to

MONTEFIORE, GRAHAM, AND CO.,
Or to
GRIFFITHS, FANNING, AND CO.

FOR CALIFORNIA.

THE fine A1 river-built ship LADY CLARKE, 500 tons, Murdoch M'Lean, Commander.

This fine ship has a very lofty, spacious, and exceedingly well-ventilated 'tween decks, and will be fitted for intermediate and steerage passengers upon the most approved principle. The comfort and privacy of families and single females will be especially cared for. A liberal scale of the best provisions will be handed to each passenger at the time of engaging, to which will be added an ample supply of medical comforts for the voyage. The cabin accommodations of the Lady Clarke are of the very first order, and the Surgeon is a gentleman of high standing and great experience.

For freight or passage apply to

MACKINTOSH AND HIRST,
Queen's-place.
Or, to
SHEPPARD AND ALGER,
4875 470, George-street.

SHIPPERS of horses, per the CHASELY, are requested to have their horses at the Wharf on Saturday, the 29th instant, ready for embarkation.

Deposits and passage money must be paid on or before that day. A few stalls still disengaged.

Apply immediately to

J. B. METCALFE;
Or,
R. TOWNS.
Wharf, September 25. 5203

TO SHIPPERS OF HORSES TO CALIFORNIA.

FOR
ST. FRANCISCO DIRECT.

THE fine new ship CHASELEY, 515 tons, C. F. Aldrich, commander, has ten stalls disengaged.

The above vessel being under "charter" to sail 1st of October, will be despatched on that day.

For cabin or intermediate passage apply to

J. B. METCALFE;
Or
R. TOWNS,
At the Wharf.
Sydney, August 28. 3468

FOR CALIFORNIA DIRECT,

TO SAIL ON THE FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER.

THE FINE SHIP DUKE OF ROXBURGH, A1, 500 tons, G. P. Collard, commander, has only a few berths disengaged, and will positively sail as above. Immediate application is necessary, to Captain Collard, on board, at Towns' Wharf; to

J. B. METCALFE; or,
R. TOWNS.
September 15. 4552

FOR CALIFORNIA.

THE first-class AMERICAN ship HARRISON, 371 tons, A. D. Sherman, master, will sail for San Francisco on the 5th October.

As this vessel will only take a limited number of passengers, and the greater portion of her freight is engaged, immediate application is necessary, to

S. WILKINSON, JUN.,
Macquarie-place.

Shippers are reminded of the advantages enjoyed by AMERICAN vessels in the ports of the United States. 4892

FOR CALIFORNIA.

WITH IMMEDIATE DESPATCH.

THE A1 Brig LADY HOWDEN, 319 tons register, G. H. Chalk, Commander.

This superior vessel being under charter to sail positively on the 10th October, will be ready to take in cargo this day, Monday. She has spacious 'tween decks, and will be fitted up for the few passengers she will take with every comfort and convenience, a liberal scale of the best provisions will be given to each passenger on engaging, from which no deviation will be made during the passage.

The object of this vessel being despatch, the following low rates will be submitted to:—

Cabin passage	£25	0
Intermediate ditto	15	0
Steerage ditto	10	10
Freight, per ton	3	0

For freight or passage apply to the Commander, on board; to

W. DEAN,
22, Church-hill;
Or
CAMPBELL AND CO.,
4958 Campbell's Wharf

FOR SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT.

CHARTERED TO SAIL THE 15TH OCTOBER NEXT.

THE fine fast-sailing ship VICTORIA, 800 tons, John Carphin, commander. Two-thirds of the passengers and freight for the above ship being already *bona fide* engaged, early application will be necessary to ensure a passage by her.

Freight will be taken at a moderate rate.

For freight or passage, apply to

CAPTAIN CARPHIN, or
Mr. C. S. DEACON,
on board, at the Circular Quay; or to
THORNTON AND CHURCH,
4877 Custom House.

FOR PASSENGERS FOR LONDON.

THE first-class passenger ship WATERLOO, Captain Neatby, 900 tons, expected here about the 10th of November, will sail for London about the 10th of January next. Plans of her accommodations may be seen, on application to

SMITH, CAMPBELL, AND CO.,
Agents.
September 19. 4806

FOR CHARTER.

THE A1 clipper schooner TITANIA, 140 tons register, Festing Knight, commander, will be ready to proceed on any voyage in a week. Apply to

GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER,
700, George-street.
September 25. 5199

CALIFORNIA.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT,

(CARRIES AN EXPERIENCED SURGEON, AND WILL SAIL POSITIVELY ON OCTOBER 7.)

THE MAGNIFICENT SHIP MARIA, 500 tons register, F. W. Plank, Commander.

This vessel is now at the Queen's Wharf, where passengers and others will have an opportunity of inspecting her accommodations, which are now completed.

The steerage forms a range of cabins, all enclosed, entirely separated, thereby securing to all the passengers that comfort and privacy so necessary on a long voyage.

This fine vessel is ventilated with Gilbert's patent air tubes and air ports; in fact, the whole of the steerage arrangements of the Maria are such as to render her the most eligible vessel now on the berth

FOR THE GOLD COUNTRY.

She requires only a few passengers to complete her complement; early application is therefore necessary to prevent disappointment.

JOHN MACNAMARA,
Queen-street.

☞ Such passengers as have not yet paid the balance due will please do so on or before Thursday morning, or the berths will be re-let. 5263

FIRST VESSEL FOR LONDON.

FOR WOOL AND PASSENGERS ONLY.

THE fast-sailing A1 British-built barque VICTORY, 548 tons register, S. Picken, commander, has now the greater portion of her cargo on board, and will sail about 15th October. Has very superior cabin accommodations, and carries an experienced surgeon. Apply to

ROBERT HOW;
or, to
GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER.
September 24. 5087

FOR LONDON.

FOR WOOL AND PASSENGERS ONLY.

THE first-class British-built barque WEST INDIAN, Robert Mills, commander.

This vessel has good accommodation for passengers, and having all her dead weight on board, will meet with quick despatch.

For freight or passage apply to Captain Mills, on board; to

GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER;
or, to
5115 FLOWER, SALTING, AND CO.

FOR LONDON DIRECT.

THE fine first-class ship SERINGAPATAM, 358 tons, J. Lovell, commander, will be ready to receive cargo in a few days, and having a large portion of her cargo engaged will meet with quick despatch. Apply to

THACKER AND CO.,
Or to
5127 DONALDSON AND CO.

FOR LONDON.

THE fine first-class ship MARY CATHERINE, 345 tons, Isaac Warner, commander, has the greater part of her cargo engaged, and will meet with immediate despatch. For freight or passage apply to the captain, on board; to

L. AND S. SAMUEL, or
3686 J. B. METCALFE.

NOTICE TO MASTERS, OWNERS, AND AGENTS OF VESSELS, AND INSURANCE COMPANIES.

MARSDEN AND CO.'s Fire Engine and Water Tank, the MARY ANN, is now ready to supply vessels with water. The superiority of this tank over all others is easily shown; vessels can be supplied with either fresh water for use or salt water for ballast, and being fitted with two powerful pumps, is capable of forcing water to any height, for the purpose of extinguishing fire.

Orders received by Messrs. F. Mitchell and Co., Ship Chandlers, or by M. Dunn, at the Fountain, Dock Yard. 5294

SYDNEY BRANCH
OF
IMPERIAL FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY,
OF LONDON.

THE undersigned grant Policies at the reduced rates.

GRIFFITHS, FANNING, AND CO.
Agents,
Spring-street. 5877

SYDNEY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Chairman, T. W. Smart, Esq.
Deputy Chairman, Charles Kemp, Esq.
DIRECTORS.
Thomas Agars, Esq. | R. M. Robey, Esq.
Thos. Holt, Jun., Esq. | W. R. Scott, Esq.
Surveyor—James Hume, Esq.
Secretary—George King, Esq.

The Directors of the Sydney Fire Insurance Company call the attention of the Public to the following reduced Scale of their Rates of Premium:—

SECTION A.—Slated buildings, 6s. to 12s. per cent.

SECTION B.—Shingled buildings, 8s. to 18s per cent.

SECTION C.—Weather-boarded buildings, 15s. to 30s. per cent.

With a Return Premium of FIFTY PER CENT. upon the renewal of all Annual Policies.

Application for Insurance to be made to the Secretary, at the Office of the Company, No. 397, Pitt-street.

GEORGE KING,
4909 Secretary.

SCOTS CHURCH,
MACQUARIE-STREET.

A SOIREE will be held in the above Church, this Evening, Thursday, the 27th September instant, at half-past six; the proceeds of which will be devoted to the funds of the Church. Admission, one shilling and sixpence each; children, half-price. Tickets may be had of Mr. Cameron, George-street; Mr. M'Ausland, Miller's Point; and of Mr. Paton, adjoining the Church. 5273

ST. MARY'S SEMINARY.

NOTICE.

THE Michaelmas quarter begins on Monday next, the 1st October.

R. K. SCONCE,
5133 President.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH.

MR. HALL, Surgeon Dentist, may be consulted daily at his apartments, 93, King-street. Mineral teeth fitted on the most approved principles.

N.B.—93, King-street, corner of Bank-court. 5214

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

ANDREW DUNN, Commission Agent and MONEY BROKER, has removed to No. 354, Pitt-street, next door to Dr. Mackintosh's, Terry's-buildings.

Bills discounted.

Loans negotiated on security.

N. B.—Offices to let, suitable for a solicitor. 5270

DRAPERS' HOMEBUSH SPRING MEET.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1849.

TO START AT TWELVE O'CLOCK PRECISELY.

FIRST RACE.

THE UNION PURSE, of Eighty Sovereigns, for all Maiden Horses; weight for age; Homebush racing weights; once round; to start at the three mile post.

Entrance—Five Sovereigns.

SECOND RACE.

To start at half-past 12 o'clock precisely.

THE TRADESMAN'S PURSE, of Forty Sovereigns, for all horses that never won an advertised prize exceeding Twenty Pounds at one time, exclusive of Sweepstakes.

Three-years-old	9 stone.	
Four-years-old	10	,,
Five and aged	11	,,

Heats one mile and a half; Gentlemen Riders, to be approved of by the Stewards; no Professional Jockey allowed to ride in this race.

Entrance—Three Sovereigns.

THIRD RACE.

THE LADIES' PURSE, of Fifty Sovereigns, for all Horses, to be handicapped by the Stewards, or whom they may appoint; twice round the Course and a distance.

Entrance—Three Sovereigns.

FOURTH RACE.

THE HACK STAKES, of Two Sovereigns each, Ten Sovereigns added, for all Horses.

Four years old and under .. 8 stone.
Five years old and upwards .. 9 ,,

Heats once round and a distance, the winner to be sold by auction immediately after the race for Fifteen Pounds; any surplus to go to the Race Fund.

Post Entrance.

FIFTH RACE.

THE BEATEN STAKES, of Two Sovereigns each, with Fifteen Sovereigns added, for all beaten Horses during the Meeting; to be handicapped by the Stewards, or whom they may appoint,

Once round the Course.

Should the day prove unfavourable, the Stewards shall have the power of postponing the Races for one week, but not longer.

Entrances to be made at Entwisle's, Freemasons' Hotel, York-street, on Friday the 21st September, 1849, between the hours of 7 and 9 P.M. Weights for the Ladies' Purse to be declared at the same place on Monday, the 24th September, 1849, at noon.

The Entrance Money will be returned to those persons declining to accept, who are required to notify the same in writing, addressed to the Treasurer, at Entwisle's, Freemasons' Hotel, York-street, on Wednesday, 26th September, at noon.

No person allowed to enter a Horse who is not a Subscriber to the amount of two Sovereigns, (except for the Hack Stakes, for which one Sovereign will qualify.)

Parties naming Horses will have to pay the qualification, without reference to their having entered any of their own.

None of the Stewards or private individuals will be allowed to erect tents or booths on the course.

No persons will be admitted in the weighing yard except the owners and jockeys of the running horses.

Applications from Publicans for booths will be received by the Treasurer on the night of entrance.

The Rules of the Australian Jockey Club will be strictly enforced.

All decisions of the Umpire to be final.

All riders must appear in full jockey costume.

Subscribers admitted to the Race Course GRATIS.

To start at twelve o'clock precisely.

No Gambling Tables allowed on the Course.

N.B.—All dogs found on the Course to be destroyed. 4182

AUSTRALIAN
BENEFIT INVESTMENT AND BUILDING SOCIETY,
OFFICE, 470, GEORGE-STREET, SYDNEY.

THE Union of Classes 1 and 2 having been confirmed by the general body of Shareholders, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that *all Monthly Subcriptions* are payable on the 1st Monday in each month, as follows, viz.:—

	s.	d.
On Shares originally of Class 1, where no advance has been made, per month per share	10	0
On Shares originally of Class 1, on which advances have been made, per month per share	14	0

	s.	d.	s.	d.
On Shares originally of Class 2 on which no advance has been made per month per share....	10	0		
Fee on Union per month per share for one year only ..	3	9		
			13	9
After the 1st August, 1850, per share per month			10	0
On Shares originally of Class 2 on which advances have been made, per month per share ..	14	0		
Fee on Union per month per share for one year only..	3	9		
			17	9
After the 1st August, 1850, per share per month			14	0

☞ NOTE.—The monthly fee of 3s. 9d. per share on Union is payable for twelve months only, viz., from the 1st August, 1849, but may be paid at once in the total sum of £2 5s. per share, in which case (as after the expiration of the twelve months) the uniform fees of 10s. per month when no advance has been made, and 14s. per month in cases of advance, will thenceforth be respectively payable on all shares alike.

A SALE OF
ADVANCES ON TWENTY SHARES.
Equivalent to Loans,
TO THE EXTENT OF £1000,
(In sums of £50 and upwards.)

NOTICE IS ALSO GIVEN, that a Sale of Advances on Shares to the extent of *Twenty*, (in amounts of one share and upwards) will take place on Monday, the 1st of October, at the office of the Society, at 5 o'clock P.M. precisely.

ENTRANCE FEE ON NEW SHARES.

This is fixed from and after the 1st of October, at £2 5s. per share. The present entrance fee is £2 2s. The limited number of shares (600) being nearly full, an immediate application is requisite to entitle parties to bid at the intended sale. Purchasers participate in all the profits of the first year and three months.

THE PRICE OF SHARES FOR OCTOBER.

The following table shows the price of shares paid up to the 1st of October inclusive. Arrangements may be made for the liquidation of the back subscriptions by instalments.

	£	s.	d.
1 Share	10	10	0
2 Shares	20	17	6
3 ,, ...	31	5	0
4 ,, ...	41	12	6
5 ,, ...	52	0	0
6 ,, ...	62	7	6
7 ,, ...	72	15	0
8 ,, ...	83	2	6
9 ,, ...	93	10	0
10 ,, ...	103	17	6

☞ The Annual Report and accounts for the past year, with a list of proprietors, may be had at the office of the Society, on and after Monday, the 8th of October: price, 6d.

CHARLES LOWE,
Secretary.
September 26. 5259

HOMEBUSH RACES.

MRS. THOMPSON begs to apprise those who may intend visiting the Homebush Drapers' Races, that she has taken the Grand Stand, and where she begs to state, for those who may favour her with a call, she will have a choice selection of wines, ales, &c., &c., of the very best quality. Mr. Gowdie, confectioner, of Pitt-street, has taken the luncheon department, and begs to state that he will have a luncheon set out of a very superior description, one that will comprise every delicacy of the season. 5286

THE RE-OPENING OF BARKER'S STORE, (LATE CRAIG'S,) EAST MAITLAND.

THE inhabitants of East Maitland, and the surrounding districts, are respectfully informed that the above Stores will be re-opened on Saturday, the 13th October, with an entirely new stock, selected with great care in the best markets, and will comprise every article in the Drapery, Grocery, Ironmongery, and Crockery, best suited for a provincial store.

It is not the intention of the proprietor to lead the public astray by puffing advertisements; he prefers rather that his goods and prices should obtain that patronage for his establishment which can only be procured by moderate profits upon purchases made on the most favourable terms.

In these matters the public are the best judges upon trial and the proprietor in confidence submits the comparison to their opinion.

Wheat, Maize, Hay, and every other kind of colonial produce purchased at the highest market prices.

D. H. STONHAM,
5111 East Maitland.

JOSEPH THOMAS

HAVING re-opened that old established house formerly the Shamrock Inn, Campbell-street, Hay Market, Sydney, now the Butcher's Arms, takes the earliest opportunity of informing his up-country friends and the public in general, that it shall be his study to afford to those who may patronise his establishment, comfort, cleanliness, and attention, to ensure a continuance of custom. The House affords every convenience, the yard is spacious and secure, and the stabling good. J.T. flatters himself the selection he has made of spirits, wines, &c., are first-rate. Parties requiring any quantities forwarded to the interior, may depend upon the article being of the best quality. Agency business punctually attended to. 4997

FUNERALS.

JOHN HILL, Jun., grateful for the distinguished patronage with which he has been honoured during a period of ten years, and in the hope of applying, in future, his strict and personal attendance, together with his complete stock of (modern) suitable requisites, takes this opportunity of soliciting the continuance of its consideration. His friends and the public generally, especially those residing in the immediate neighbourhood of Riley Estate and Darlinghurst, he begs to inform them, that he has removed his residence and workshops from Elizabeth street to No. 2, William-street, Woolloomooloo Bridge; business also continues at No. 107, King-street, Sydney, where all applications will be received and punctually attended to.

4711 JOHN HILL, JUN.

FUNERAL.

THE friends of the late Mr. James Edwards are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, which will move from his late residence, King-street, This Day, at half-past two o'clock P.M.

No circulars will be issued.

JOHN HILL, JUN.,
5131 Undertaker.

REDUCED FROM £1 1s. TO 14s.

PLUNKETT'S AUSTRALIAN MAGISTRATE, a Guide to the Duties of a Justice of the Peace, with numerous forms; also an Appendix, containing the Rules and Regulations relating to the Crown Lands, the new Jury Act, the Laws of Landlord and Tenant, with the Tenements Act, and Act for Facilitating the Granting of Leases, and the Recovery of Small Debts Act. New edition, by Edwin Suttor, Esq., Barrister at Law. 8vo. cloth.

The undersigned respectfully desires to inform the Australian public, that he has bought the entire interest and stock of the above publication, which he has decided on offering for sale at the lowest price consistent with profit. It is almost unnecessary to remark that the utility of the work is conclusively established from the fact of the rapid sale of the whole of the very large impression of the first edition; indeed every individual connected with the colony by property, whether Settler, Banker, Merchant, or Trader, should be in possession of a copy.

W. R. PIDDINGTON,
Bookseller, Stationer, and Bookbinder,
485, George-street.
Directly opposite the Barrack Gate. 5565

TO THE WOOL GROWERS OF NEW ENGLAND.

THE freight of wool per schooner Mary Ann, from Port Macquarie to Sydney, for the forthcoming season, will be seven shillings and sixpence per bale; and freight from Sydney twenty shillings per ton.

4902 W. DALTON.

PRINTING of every description executed with punctuality and despatch in the best manner, and very cheap, by T. TROOD, at the

ALBION PRINTING OFFICE,
5955 113, King-street.

PARCHMENT, BEST LONDON, various sizes, just arrived ex Seringapatam, and for sale by the undersigned, at his usual moderate terms, by the Roll or Skin: also,

Deep gold leaf, first quality
Fenning, Mavor, and Carpenter's Spellings
Bookbinders' cloth, assorted
Rough sheep, basil skins
Roans—red, marone, and purple
Envelopes, patent India-rubber
Ciphering books—post and foolscap (ruled)
Blue demy, and blossom blotting paper
Card and bonnet boards
Account books, pens, quills
Printing ink, printing and playing cards, and various other stationery

THOMAS TROOD,
Albion Printing Office,
5257 113, King-street.

LINEN DRILLS.

JUST LANDED, an invoice of the above, of very superior quality, and on sale by the undersigned, in lots to suit purchasers.

SMITH BROTHERS, AND CO.,
5156 Sussex-street.

300 BARRELS PRIME PORK
58 tierces Carolina rice
200 cases lemon syrup
75 ,, cider
60 ,, clocks
150 barrels pitch
100 ,, rosin
40 ,, varnish
12 ,, snuff
5 casks hams
8 packages cheese
14 cases sperm candles
4 boxes paints
20 bales brooms
Staves &c., &c,

Ex Montauk, from New York, for sale by

S. WILKINSON, JUN.,
Macquarie-place.
September 25. 5150

SMOKING APPARATUS.

JUST RECEIVED—

Pipe Bowls
,, Meerchum, silver mounted
,, ditto in German silver
,, ditto unmounted
,, Imitation Meerchum, mounted
,, ditto ditto unmounted
,, China, in varieties
,, Fancy clay, enamel eyes
&c., &c.

Pipe Tubes:
,, Persian Cherry
,, Sweet ditto
,, Turkish Jessamine
,, Sweet ditto
,, Nutmeg
,, Common Taglioni
,, Coquilla ditto
,, Snakes

Meerchaum Courier pipes
Mouth-pieces in horn and amber
Smokers' companions
Tobacco boxes
Tobacco cisterns
Cigar cases, in great variety
Fusees and fusee boxes
Fancy clay pipes
&c., &c., &c.
Too numerous to particularise

On sale at

DIXSON'S
TOBACCO WAREHOUSE.
494, George-street. 5242

ZANTE CURRANTS
Bran
Oaten hay, hydraulic pressed
Pickles, half-pints
Sauces and mustard
Salad oil

Now landing, ex Hyderabad, on sale by

JOSEPH S. WILLIS,
5209 Church-hill.

DRUGS ex SERINGAPATAM,
IN ADDITION TO THE SHIPMENT EX GANGES.

JOHN ROW has received another supply of FOUREEN packages of DRUGS and CHEMICALS ex Seringapatam, which will be landed in a few days.

MEDICAL HALL,
93, King-street, and
5158 Corner of Liverpool and Pitt streets.

AGRICULTURAL CHEMISTRY.
NITRATE OF SODA.

THE undersigned has a few casks of the above manure on hand.

GEORGE REES,
Macquarie-place.
September 20. 4872

ASTONISHING CURES,
EFFECTED BY
HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND OINTMENT,
ARE NOW OCCURRING IN NEW SOUTH WALES

CURE OF SCROFULA.

January 1, 1849.

THIS is to certify, that my daughter, Matilda Alcorn, aged 7 years, has been afflicted for the last three years with Scrofula, and after having been attended by several respectable practitioners, without success, I was induced to try Holloway's Medicines, which, after a continuance of about three months, *completely restored her to health*. This can be verified by numerous persons in this vicinity, where I have been residing for the last twenty-two years.

R. ALCORN,
Jerry's Plains.
Mr. Pinhey, Chemist, West Maitland.

RECENT CURE OF DISEASED LIVER.

To Mr. J. K. HEYDON.

SIR,—About eighteen months since, I was dangerously attacked with a liver complaint, for which I consulted the two medical men of the district but derived no benefit from either of them; in fact I was so bad, that one of them told me "he could see no hopes of my recovery," and gave me up. I was afterwards advised to try Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which I did, and after the continued use of them for seven weeks, (according to the directions accompanying the medicines,) I am now entirely cured; and for the benefit of those that may be similarly affected I have great pleasure in giving it publicity.—I am, Sir, your obedient servant.

WILLIAM RODGERS.
Ravensworth, Hunter's River,
January 17, 1849.

CURE OF THIRTY-FIVE ULCERS.

Molong, September 21, 1848.

To Mr. J. K. HEYDON,

SIR,—I owe a debt of gratitude to Professor Holloway, for my almost miraculous cure, after seven years of suffering, caused by exposure to wet and cold, and the undue use of mercurial medicines. When I first commenced to use the Pills and Ointment, I had thirty-five ulcers on my body, and a constant head-ache, and pains all over me. My throat had got so affected that I was obliged at last to live entirely on gruel. Having spent upwards of two hundred pounds in medicines and medical advice to no purpose, except that of making me worse, I tried Holloway's Pills and Ointment, by means of which and the blessing of God, I am now in the enjoyment of excellent health. My feeling for others similarly circumstanced, as well as my gratitude to Mr. Holloway, compel me to send this communication.—I am, sir, your obedient servant,

JEREMIAH REED.

P.S.—I am at present in the employment of Messrs. Syers, Brothers, Meadows, near Wellington.

ANOTHER CASE OF LIVER COMPLAINT.

Campbelltown, April 11, 1848.

To Mr. J. K. HEYDON,

SIR,—I feel it a duty incumbent on me to let the public at large know the wonderful cure that has been performed on me by the effects of Holloway's Medicine. I have for the last six months been afflicted with the liver complaint, and was at last compelled to take to my bed in a very low state, so bad that I did not think I would ever rise in health again. After trying medical aid and finding no relief, I was advised by Mr. William Bursill to try the medicine aforenamed, which I did, and after one or two doses of Holloway's Pills, and rubbing in the Ointment, I found great relief, and by strictly following the rules laid down by Mr. Holloway, and using his Pills and Ointment for six weeks, I find myself in the enjoyment of as good health as I ever possessed in my life. The truth of this statement is incontestible, as there is not one of my neighbours but could testify the same.

I remain, &c.,
ROBERT ELKINS,
Blacksmith.

These truly invaluable Pills can be obtained at the Establishment of Professor Holloway, near Temple Bar, London; and of

J. K. HEYDON,
Wholesale Agent,
78, King-street, Sydney.

N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder, are affixed to each box.

SUB-AGENTS IN SYDNEY.

Mrs. Marshfield, Tobacconist, opposite Wright's Brewery, George-street.
Mr. Allder, chemist, Parramatta-street.
Mr. Cleary, boot and shoemaker, King-street East.
Mr. M. Dalton, grocer, 3, Campbell-street.
2316

NEW SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,
EX SERINGAPATAM.

DAVID JONES AND COMPANY will have their new Goods, ex Seringapatam, ready for inspection on Saturday, the 29th instant. Attention is most particularly directed to the following, viz.,

Two (2) cases rich brown and fancy silk parasols
Three (3) cases printed and Organdi muslins
Two (2) cases wool Balzorines
One (1) case French barèges
Three (3) cases printed de laines
Several hundred pieces Hoyle's and other fast coloured printed cambrics
&c., &c., &c.

5278 George-street, opposite Post Office.

G. CHISHOLM

CALLS the attention of parties EMIGRATING TO CALIFORNIA, to his immense stock of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Consisting of Colonial Tweed Coats, Trousers, and Vests, likewise English made goods, of every name and quality, and at a much lower price than usually sold

A large stock of white and coloured SHIRTS at a very low price. 3492

NEW SPRING GOODS,
NINE BALES AND SEVEN CASES.

J. T. WOODS invites the attention of his Customers and the Public to a fresh shipment of really useful and seasonable Goods, consisting of—

Balzorine and de laine dresses
White and coloured muslin ditto
Twilled and plain printed cashmere ditto
Rich town prints, newest styles
French ginghams and parasols
Habits, white and coloured kid gloves
Bonnet ribbons and flowers
Cashmere shawls and muslin collars
Checked, striped, and plain silks
Hosiery, in every quality
Horrocks' long-cloth and twill sheetings
White and coloured rolled linings
Gents' superior long-cloth shirts, linen fronts and collars
Brown hollands and Irish linens
Furniture, prints, and dimities
Ladies' white and coloured stays
9-4 10-4 11-4 and 12-4 fine white counterpanes
Linen and cotton ticks, Scotch sheetings, brown and white linen drills, ducks, &c.

5167

SUPERIOR FRENCH HATS.

JUST LANDED from the Ganges, a most superb assortment of very best quality gentlemen's Paris Hats, of the latest fashion, with broad and narrow brims, of all sizes.

Also, superior waterproof drab beaver hats, very light, suitable for the coming season.

Also, Ladies' Paris riding hats, of a very fine description, and fashionable shape.

At UTHER'S,
5028 274, Pitt-street.

☞ NEW SUMMER BONNETS.
EX KATE, BRODERICK FROM LONDON.
LENEHAN'S BONNET WAREHOUSE,
255, PITT-STREET.

THE Ladies are respectfully informed, that the most elegant summer supply of Straw Hats, Bonnets, &c., ever received in this colony, will be opened for their inspection in a few days. 5148

PICKED CEDAR, FOR EXPORT.

30,000 FEET, now landing ex St. Leonard, from the Tweed, good lengths, suitable for the Adelaide or Port Phillip markets

Threlkeld's Wharf,
Bathurst-street.
September 27. 5307

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

THE undersigned begs to inform his old customers, friends, and the public, that he has taken the stores lately occupied by Mr. Robert Cooper, senior, 337, George-street, where he intends to conduct the merchandise of his distillery.

HENRY FISHER,
Glenmore Distillery.
September 24.

N.B.—Address, Henry Fisher, *distiller*, 337, George-street, Sydney. 5168

FOR SALE,

WOOLPACKS
Three-bushel sacks
Lyndon's tomahawks, adzes, &c.
Rowland's perfumery.

THACKER AND CO.,
5126 541, George-street.

WOOLPACKS.

WOOLPACKS for sale, at the Stores of the undersigned—

W. HINDSON,
3904 2, Macquarie-place.

ALLSOPP'S ALE.—For Sale, at the Stores of the undersigned,—
Allsopp's No. 3 Ale, brewed in October, 1848
Allsopp's Bottled Ale, in 3 dozen casks
403 LYALL, SCOTT, AND CO.

BROWN RIVER POTATOES.

740 BAGS very best Derwent Potatoes, now landing from the ship Hyderabad, from Hobart Town.

On sale by

JOSEPH S. WILLIS,
Church-hill.
September 26. 5297

CALIFORNIA!

CHAMPAGNE
Case Brandy
Cape Wine
Taylor's, Whitbread's, and Swinburne's London brown stout
Arrowroot
Mauritius sugar
Export Tobacco
Kyongee Segars
No. 2 Manila's

HENRY FISHER,
City Depôt,
480, George-street.
August 30. 3534

FAMILY MOULD CANDLES.

MANUFACTURED expressly for family use, and packed in boxes of 25 lbs. each, to be had of the grocers generally, at 7d. per pound, or wholesale, of

W. B. ALLEN,
Sussex-street.

P. S.—W. B. A. solicits a trial of these beautiful goods—he considers them the finest and cheapest Candles in the market. 1062

EX SECRET AND SERINGAPATAM.

50 HOGSHEADS TAYLOR'S PORTER
200 dozen Marzetti's nonpareil champagne cider.

The above are now landing, and on sale at the stores of

5257 TUCKER, LINGARD, AND CO.

ON SALE.—BASS'S No. 3 Burton Ale, October brewing.
10026 THACKER AND CO.

ROCK SALT in large lumps, for sale by

ROBERT COVENY,
3609 102, Market-street.

COARSE LIVERPOOL SALT,
For Sale by
ROBERT COVENY,
3610 102, Market-street.

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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.

September 26.—Teazer, schooner, 58 tons, Captain Aldrich, from Circular Head the 21st instant. Passengers—Messrs. D. Ferguson, M. Robertson, G. Whittles, and John Hughes.

September 26.—Shamrock, steamer, 200 tons, Captain Gilmore, from Launceston the 19th, Melbourne the 23rd, and Twofold Bay the 25th instant. Passengers—Rev. Mr. Salmon, Mr. P. M. Hervey, Mr. Simpson, Mr. Dowsett, Captain Devlin, Mrs. Devlin, two children, and servant, Rev. Mr. Miller, Mr. and Mrs Macquary and two children, Mr. James Black, Mr. Barber, Mr. Wilson, Mr. Kimburgh, Mrs. Wilson, Mr. How, Mr. Spencer, Mrs. West, Miss Ervin, Mr. and Mrs. Clogher, Mr. Mechie, Mr. and Mrs. Colman, Mr. Barclay, Mr. and Miss Murphy, Mr. and Mrs. Plunkett, Miss Ward, Miss Robinson, Mr Colson, Mr. and Mrs. Wilson, two Misses Welch, Mrs. Flynn, Mrs. Tate, Messrs. Olive Hull, Elliott, Knowlton, Butler, Gibson, Hitchen, Fletcher, J. and C. Boleman.

DEPARTURES.

September 26.—Nautilus, barque, 190 tons, Captain Dryden, resumed her voyage for Launceston.

September 26.—Essington, brig, 123 tons, Captain Mills, for Port Fairy. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. Rutledge, Miss Alger, Mrs. Moutry, Mr. and Mrs. M'Leod and four children, Mrs. Foster and two children, Mr. and Mrs. Weston and child, Messrs J. Wood, M. Barry, J. Hays, Cotterall, and J. Whalern.

September 26.—William, brig, 121 tons, Captain Thom, for Launceston. Passengers—Mrs. Dumaresq, two daughters, and son, Mrs. Patterson, four sons, and one daughter, Mrs. Flemming and three children, Mr. Thompson, three Misses Thompson, Mr. Meggon, Mr. Hinshaw.

CLEARANCE.

September 26.—Albion, ship, 480 tons, Captain Hinderwell, for Esquimalt.

COASTERS INWARDS.

September 26.—Curlew, 15, Guyader, from Shell Harbour, with 3 tons bark, 200 bushels maize, 40 bushels wheat; Fanny, 20, Wells, from the Hawkesbury, with 500 bushels shells; Adventure, 23, Peters, from the Hunter, with 900 bushels maize, 30 hides; Maitland, steamer, 103, Parsons, from Morpeth, with 8 bales wool, 4 trusses hay, 61 hides, 20 bags bran.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.

September 26.—Rose, steamer, 172, Pattison, and Adventure, 22, Peters, from Morpeth, with sundries; William the Fourth, steamer, 54, Sullivan, and Wave, 17, Jackson, for Wollongong, with sundries; Emily 25, Young, and Rose of Eden, 52, Barnett, for the Tweed River, with sundries; Bride, 19, Bowden, and Fanny, 20, Wells, for the Hawkesbury, in ballast; Charles Webb, 24, Andrews, for Kiama, in ballast; Lapwing, 15, Robinson, for Shoalhaven, in ballast; Pilot, 31, Wood, for Newcastle, in ballast.

IMPORTS.

September 26.—Teazer, schooner, 58 tons, Captain Aldrich, from Circular Head: 30 tons potatoes, 194 sacks wheat, George Small.

September 26.—Seringapatam, ship, 358 tons, Captain Lovell, from London: 344 bars and 55 bundles iron, 40 bundles hoop iron, 73 cases 1 bale merchandise, Flower, Salting, and Co.; 4 bales, Gilchrist and Alexander; 30 hogsheads brandy, 6 cases apothecaries' ware, 25 kegs tobacco, 1 case silvered plate glass, 10 barrels and 96 quarter-boxes raisins, 91 boxes glass, 18 boxes almonds, 3 cases and 1 cask toys, 2 cases window glass, 88 packages British goods, Smith, Croft, and Co.; 50 hogsheads beer, 4 casks, 1 case, Donaldson and Co.; 50 hogsheads beer, Thacker and Co.; 10 puncheons 31 hogsheads and 1 quarter-cask B.P. rum, Brown and Co.; 60 iron kegs red lead, 10 kegs carbonate soda, 30 kegs litharge, 120 cases oilmen's stores, 30 cases and 2 casks drugs, 25 packages British goods, B S. Lloyd; 6 pockets hops, 10 boxes, 1 parcel, Lyall, Scott, and Co.; 1 case books, A. Blake; 10 hogsheads B.P. rum, 200 cases Geneva, 5 puncheons plain spirits, F. Ebsworth; 7 casks curled hair, George Thorne and Co.; 6 cases saddlery, 1 case, Griffiths, Fanning, and Co.; 7 cases wine, Sir Charles Fitz Roy; 1 case, Mrs. E. Cory; 1 case books, 65 packages British manufactures, George Rees; 4 cases paper, Kemp and Fairfax; 7 cases and 50 bales paper, F. Macnab; 8 cases apothecaries' ware, 1 case surgical instruments, Sydney Infirmary; 1 case, T. Smith and Co.; 11 cases olive oil, 2 barrels currants, 40 boxes and 10 half-boxes raisins, 14 iron plates, 2 barrels prunes, 3 boxes almonds, 1 cask nuts, 137 packages British goods, E. C. Weekes; 1 cask currants, 1 barrel raisins, 1 cask, 2 cases, J. and M Andrews; 3 bales, 1 case, 2 casks, T. Agars; 9 cases glass, 3 bales, 5 cases, 3 casks, W. Walker, and Co.; 10 sheets lead, 3 bales, George Small; 40 cases, Buyers and Lochhead; 1 case cheese, W. Dawes; 1 case, T. Webb; 428 bars iron, 86 camp ovens, 284 waggon boxes, 124 iron pots, A. Hawley, and Co.; 4 cases books, Rev. N. Turner; 10 bales and 2 cases paper, W. Piddington; 3 cases matchwood, A. Wortmann; 50 cases Geneva, 2 bales, R. Beames; 1 trunk wearing apparel, H. Moore; 2 bales, Dawson and Thompson; 17 trunks shoes, 30 boxes manufactured tobacco, 28 trunks British goods, Lamb, Parbury, and Co.; 100 kegs, B. Thompson; 6 cases, Holloway's ointment and pills, J. K. Heydon; 6 bales, 2 boxes, Cooper, Brothers; 7 cases, D. Davis; 8 cases, F. Parks; 28 cases, Montefiore, Graham, and Co; 3 cases stationery, T. Trood; 3 bales paper, R. Jones; 4 cases and 12 bales paper, 6 cases lucifer matches, 11 packages, James M'Donald; 1 case, L. Cetta; 42 cases port wine, T. Wood; 10 bales and 9 cases British goods, D. Jones and Co.; 25 packages British goods, C. F. Edwards; 6 packages, Dr. Waugh; 1 case, B. Mountcastle; 4 cases, R. Binnie; 1 case, W. Gardener; 16 bales, J. T. Armitage, and Co.; 333 packages British goods, C. Scott, 12 packages, E. Varesour; 5 cases, 1 cask, Isaac Lazarus: 1 case, Gordon; 4 bales, M'Arthur, Little, and Atkinson; 1 box, Cary; 1 box, Moriarty; 2 cases, James Comrie; 1 parcel, Tegg; 80 kegs nails, 4 casks and 1 case hardware, 2 hampers tyces, T. Woolley; 17 cases, P. Farrell; 12 cases, 2 trunks, John Isaacs; 98 cases, Smith, Campbell, and Co.; 6 cases, 1 bale, Davis and Samuel; 5 cases, J. Davies; 1 case, A. Salamon; 29 cases, C. Abrahams; 4 cases, E H. Stone, 4 cases, J Solomon; 13 casks, 1 case, John Row; 1 case, R. Lowe; 1 case, A. M'Callan; 1 case, Beames and Keele; 13 sheets lead, 273 bars and 30 bundles iron, 25 casks B.P. rum, 5 jars olive oil, 14 tons white salt, 10 tons rock salt, 50 cases Geneva, 6 tierces tobacco, 8 tierces rice, 161 cases, 18 casks, 52 bales, 114 boxes and 28 bundles merchandise, Order.

EXPORTS.

September 26.—William, brig, 121 tons, Captain Thom, for Launceston: 4 cases cigars, 4 hogsheads brandy, 10 hogsheads B. P. rum, J. C. Crisp; 1 puncheon whiskey, E. Harris; 3 casks black and 2 casks sperm oil, W. Hindmon; 20 chests and 20 half-chests hysonskin tea, 1 case tweeds, W. Dean; 15 packages and 30 boxes tobacco pipes, 20 boxes and 40 half-boxes soap, George Small; 26 tons coals, 20 tons stone, 2 tons salt, J. Thom; 14 bags returned bags, T. C. Breillat; 3 cases fruit, Cox.

PORT PHILLIP.

ARRIVALS.—September 19. Lady Margaret, brig, 284 tons, Grant, from London the 14th May. 20. Anna, ship, 1098 tons, Moffatt, from Liverpool, the 12th June. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Dunlop and family, Mrs. M'Kenzie Ross and family, Mrs. Loftus, Miss Lucas, Mr. and Mrs. Langston, Mrs. Shipman, Master Robinson, Dr. West, Messrs. D. Lamb, J. Hodgson, H. Clint, S. Cannon, J. Wilkenson, J. P. Jones, and 106 in the steerage; Brankenmoor, barque, from Adelaide.

The brig Maid of Erin, hence, arrived at Newcastle yesterday morning to take in a cargo of coals for Otago.

The ship Diana, for London, will be towed to sea this morning, at eight o'clock, by the steamer Maitland.

The Union, 773 tons, was laid on at Liverpool for Sydney, and the Thomas Fielding, 600 tons, for Port Phillip and Adelaide.

The cargo of the Shamrock consists only of 20 casks beef, 66 tubs butter, 8 boxes tobacco, and 2 packages kangaroo-skins. She has seen no vessels on her passage up. The brig Diana, hence for Melbourne, was lying at Twofold Bay, windbound, when the Shamrock left on Tuesday.

NARROW ESCAPE OF THE KETCH VENILIA.—On Sunday afternoon the above vessel, when endeavouring to weather the South Reef, was struck by a heavy squall and went upon it. The accident was fortunately observed from the yacht Wanderer, then about a mile outside the Heads, when she bore up, and by carrying out an anchor and warp, and sending some additional hands on board, got her off. Had it not been for this timely assistance, the Venilia must have soon gone to pieces, as she was striking heavily at the time.

DIARY.

MEMORANDA FOR THIS DAY.

September.		Sun rises	Sun sets	High water morn	High water even
27	THURSDAY	5 56	6 4	3 21	3 58

Moon, full, 38 min. p. 8 P.M., October 2.

TO THE PUBLIC.—SUBSCRIBERS to this Journal paying in advance are reminded that they are only entitled to ten per cent. discount on paying punctually in *advance* at the commencement of the quarter. Persons wishing to decline must pay up all arrears.

THE

Sydney Morning Herald.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1849.

"Sworn to no Master, of no Sect am I."

MR. MACKINNON'S BILL.

THE question raised by Mr. MACKINNON'S bill for preventing bounty emigrants from leaving the colony until they have paid back the amount of their passage money, was a very difficult one to decide; but we think the determination which the Council came to was the correct one. No doubt a great wrong is being inflicted on the colony by the re-emigration which is now taking place; but that will not justify the legislature in making a law which is not just. We must not do one wrong to prevent another.

The discussion that has taken place will, we have no doubt, be of use, by causing more stringent regulations to be made at the other end of the voyage. It is in England that the emigrant must be bound not to leave the colony until he has repaid the amount of the passage money. We would not stop even there, as we think the time has arrived when the passage money should be looked at as a loan only, and every emigrant be bound to repay it by yearly instalments. But whatever is done, the strictest faith must be kept with those who are induced to come out, and as there have been no stipulations hitherto made in England to prevent re-emigration, (simply because it probably was never contemplated) we do not think Mr. MACKINNON'S bill, desirable as its provisions may be both for the colony and the unfortunate victims who are being deluded to California, could have been justified, and we are glad, therefore, that the Council rejected it.

Some allusions were made during the debate to the new regulations recently issued by the Emigration Commissioners, (which appeared in our London Correspondent's last letter) which are in some respects to be highly approved of, more especially as there appears to be a determination to make all emigrants pay a portion of the expense of their passage; but the proposal to send out persons above sixty, even if all the expense is defrayed by them, requires to be watched very closely. It may be desirable in some cases to send out a grandfather or grandmother to prevent family ties from being broken, but this should be permitted in very few instances, or the result will be simply to set upon our shores a number of persons too old to labour, and who from their first arrival among us will have to be supported by charity.

Connected with this subject is the number of mechanics (which we have often before referred to) sent out as assisted emigrants. The last official document issued by the Emigration Commissioners which we have received is *The Colonization Circular* for February, 1849, and under the head of New South Wales we find this remark—"It appears from Mr. MEREWETHER'S statement that in the Sydney district there is no general demand for mechanics of any description, and that very few, if any, should, for the present, be sent to that portion of the colony." In the face of this explicit declaration, how is it that the Commissioners send *mechanics by every ship? In the* vessel which is to land her immigrants to-day we are officially informed there are four carpenters, two wheelwrights, three blacksmiths, one shoemaker, one bookbinder, two bricklayers, one plasterer, one mason, two sawyers, one brassfounder, three tailors, one haberdasher, one ironmonger, one coachmaker, one upholsterer, one whitesmith, or very nearly one-third of the total number of male adults in the ship. What is the use of the Commissioners, publishing information if they thus themselves set the example of treating it with contempt? The Immigration Agent in Sydney writes home there is no general demand for mechanics. The Commissioners publish his statement, and practically reply to it by sending out thirty per cent. of mechanics in every ship. Not one-half these men will be able to obtain employment at their respective callings, and will of course become dissatisfied and discontented. The well-disposed and energetic will soon turn their hands to any employment that offers, but the idle and ill-minded will avail themselves of the opportunity of joining the band of dissolute skulking fellows with which Sydney is infested, and their going to California, or anywhere else away from Sydney, would be rather an advantage than an evil.

HOUSE ROBBERY.—Between the hours of six and seven on Sunday evening, during the temporary absence of the inmates, the premises of Messrs. Kern and Mader, of Hunter-street, stationers, were entered by means of false keys, and robbed. The property missing consists of two £5 notes, nine £1 notes, about 30s. in silver, two or three promissory notes (payment of which has been stopped), two watches, a quantity of jewellery, and a few articles of wearing apparel—the value of the whole exceeding £100 in amount. We have not heard that any clue has yet been obtained by which the thief or thieves may be traced.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

WEDNESDAY.

THE SPEAKER took the chair at half-past three.

MISCELLANEOUS BUSINESS.

The SPEAKER reported that the Governor had assented to the Gunpowder Bill, Mr. E. Deas Thomson's Marriage Settlement Bill, the Standard Weights and Measures Bill, and the Spirits Duties Protection Bill.

Four Messages were brought in from his Excellency the Governor, viz.:—

No. 54.—Expressing regret that the Government was not in a position to propose during the present session a money vote for the outfit of the Maitland Hospital, but promising that the matter should be favourably considered previous to next session.

Ordered to be printed.

No. 55.—Transmitting the draft of a Bill to extend the time for preparing the Electoral Lists.

Message and Bill to be printed, and to be taken into consideration on Thursday.

No. 56.—Transmitting a copy of the report from the Privy Council on the proposed new Constitution for the Australian colonies.

Message and enclosures to be printed.

No. 57.—Replying to the Council's address for a proposal of £500 to construct a road from Sydney to Wollombi via Peat's Ferry, informing the Council that as the proposed line would run principally through unsold lands of the Crown, it was His Excellency's intention to perform the work out of the Land Fund.

Ordered to be printed.

Mr. COOPER presented a petition from various members of the Mechanics' School of Arts, and others, objecting to the proposed postage upon newspapers, as a tax which would operate most injuriously in this community, where it was to newspapers alone that the scattered population of the interior could look for information and improvement. The petitioners also urged that this impost would very seriously affect the prosperity and usefulness of institutions such as theirs, by greatly increasing the expense of providing a variety of journals for their members. They prayed, therefore, that the Council would either decline acceding to this part of the Postage Committee's recommendation, or that scientific and literary institutions might be exempted from the operation of such an enactment.

Mr. NICHOLS, pursuant to leave previously given, brought in a Bill for the more effectual prevention and punishment of vagrancy.

The Bill having been read a first time, was ordered to be printed and read a second time on Tuesday next.

POSTAGE BILL.

The COLONIAL SECRETARY, in rising to move the resolutions standing in his name, with reference to the above Bill, said, that as their subject matter had been so fully entered into in the report upon which they were founded; and as that report had been for a considerable period in the hands of members, it was not necessary for him to enter into detailed explanations. The Committee had recommended many modifications of the Bill, in order to bring it as near as practicable into the same shape as the English measure, which had been found to operate so beneficially. The proposed rate was as low a one as could with safety be resorted to without a defalcation of the revenue, and to facilitate the working of the system they had deemed it indispensable to introduce stamps similar to those used in England, as it was found that these stamps could be made in the colony. There were some other measures of improvement, such as the establishment of branch receiving houses, which would have to be carried out by the Executive Government. He would now move—1. That this Council having taken into consideration the Report of the Select Committee, appointed on the 9th August, 1849, to report upon the several provisions of the Postage Bill, adopts the recommendations therein contained. 2. That an address be presented to His Excellency the Governor, transmitting a copy of the above resolution, together with a copy of the report alluded to, and requesting that His Excellency will take the necessary steps for carrying its recommendations into effect.

Mr. MARTIN thought it would have been more satisfactory if the Committee had placed all their recommendations together at the end of their report, instead of scattering them through it; as the adoption of this latter course rendered the report obscure, and difficult to be understood. There was one recommendation which he should oppose, and, in order to take the sense of the House upon it, he should propose an amendment on the first resolution. The proposal he alluded to was that for subjecting newspapers to a postage rate. He did not think that any supposed defalcation of the revenue would justify the taxation of newspapers, which, in this colony, were the only vehicles for the dissemination of knowledge. No absolute necessity for such a tax had been made out, but if any such necessity really existed, it would be far better that any deficiency which might arise should be made up from the general revenue, than that an impediment should be cast in the way of the diffusion of useful knowledge. He should therefore move the addition of the following words to the first resolution: "except so much thereof as recommend the imposition of a postage on newspapers."

Mr. MACKINNON seconded the amendment.

Mr. WENTWORTH said that it was easy to talk of casting burthens upon the general revenue, but that revenue was not in a condition to bear any such burthens. If this amendment was carried, and an additional charge of £5000 was imposed, the revenue would be unable to bear it without the imposition of additional rates. It was clear, therefore, that the affirmation of this proposal would entail a tax upon the whole community for the benefit of a particular class—the newspaper readers.—It followed *ex necessitate*, that the class of newspaper readers must be better able to pay the tax than the ordinary class of letter writers, for although he was far from denying the usefulness of newspapers, still they were a luxury which persons in poor circumstances were unable to indulge in. The conveyance of newspapers occasioned nine-tenths of the entire expenses of conveying mails, and if this amendment was carried the postage of letters must be raised to threepence to cover the expenses thus occasioned, so that the poorer class would have to be taxed for the convenience of the more wealthy. There were many reasons why newspapers should be exempt from postage in England. In the first place the facilities afforded by railway communication rendered their conveyance easy and economical. In the second place they contributed largely to the general revenue by a stamp tax and a duty upon advertisements—neither of which charges were imposed here. As for the argument that this charge would be a tax upon knowledge, there was no knowing where it would stop. A charge for the conveyance of books of any description, however bulky, would be a tax upon knowledge, and instead of having mails, they ought, if this principle was to be acted upon, to have waggons. He thought that proprietors of newspapers, if they knew their own interest, would support the recommendations of the Committee—for under the new system which it would create, they would of course require payment in advance from their country subscribers, and the result would be that although they would send less into the country their circulation would be of a better character. At the present time there were many persons who took in the newspapers who were never in a position to pay for them. The extra cost for a year for taking in the *Herald* and a weekly newspaper besides, would only be thirty shillings; and this was a mere nothing when weighed with the advantages which would be derived from the taking off of the other burthens.

Mr. DONALDSON complained that the honorable member who moved the amendment had urged no substantial reasons for departing so widely from the recommendations of the Committee—recommendations based upon a long and arduous investigation. When he (Mr. Donaldson) first went into the Committee he was of opinion that newspapers ought to go free, particularly as they were here the only means of conveying intelligence and instruction into the remote districts; but after a most careful consideration he had become convinced that it would be unreasonable to expect this, more especially as the Government had given up the original Bill, and had acceded to such modifications as would assimilate the measure as closely as possible to that in force in England. There were two concessions, also, with reference to newspapers which ought to be taken into consideration. In the first place, a newspaper, even when received from England or elsewhere, might be posted and re-posted at the penny rate, whereas, at the present time they could only be thus conveyed at the same cost as letters. An *Illustrated London News*, for example, might be received in Sydney, and having been read by the receiver forwarded to Bathurst, read again there, and forwarded to Yass or elsewhere. Thus it might be transmitted about some four or five times to all parts of the country at the cost of only a few pence. Another concession was, that if newspapers could be forwarded into the interior at any cheaper rate than by mail there was no prohibition against resorting to whatever method might have been found the most cheap and advisable. He believed, however, that generally speaking, the conveyance by post would be found the cheapest.

The COLONIAL SECRETARY said, that as the arguments, if they might be so called, of the honorable member who moved the amendment, had been fully answered by the honorable and learned member for Sydney and the honorable member for Durham, there was no need that he should detain the House by going into the matter at greater length. The measure as it then stood was based upon the most liberal principles, and in order to ensure its practical working this postage upon newspapers was absolutely necessary. It must be admitted that the Post Office, without being a means of increasing the revenue, ought to pay its own expenses, and this could not be done unless by the imposition of a higher uniform rate, or of a postage charge upon newspapers. Those who contended that newspapers ought to be placed here upon the same footing as they were in England probably *forgot the imposts to* which they were subjected in the mother country. If these persons were prepared to say that newspapers should be submitted to a stamp tax of one penny, and that there should be a duty upon advertisements to the extent of, he believed, half-a-crown in each case as a minimum charge, then they were prepared to impose charges which the Government had never dreamt of. The charge would press more lightly here than the charge according to weight imposed in the United States; and there were also the advantages of re-posting, and permission to transmit by other conveyances than the mails, which the honorable member for Durham had adverted to. Another principle of the Bill, which had not been adverted to, but in which the Committee had recommended a slight variation, was that of affording facilities for the transmission of magazines and similar works. Works of this kind, weighing four ounces, could be transmitted at a postage of 4d., and a proportionable graduating scale. This he thought would be found a very advantageous provisions. In conclusion he would remark, that he deemed the carrying of the recommendation in question so necessary to the carrying out of the measure that it would be better to abandon the latter altogether than to adopt the principle of the amendment which had been moved.

The House now divided upon the amendment with the following result:—

Ayes.	Noes.
Dr. Dickson	Colonial Secretary
Mr. Oakes	Mr. Parker
Nichols	Allen
Mackinnon	Collector of Customs
Martin (teller)	Auditor General
	Colonial Treasurer
	Mr. Wentworth
	Fitzgerald
	Cooper
	Dangar
	Moor
	Berry
	Donaldson (teller)

Ayes 13
Noes 5

Majority against the amendment .. 8

The original resolution was then passed, and the address ordered to be presented by the Speaker.

The House went into committee on the Bill.

The 1st clause, repealing the Postage Acts already in force, was passed.

The 2nd clause, providing the form of the Postmasters' declaration, was passed.

The 3rd clause, giving the Governor power to fix rates of postage, and to establish rules for the receiving and delivery of letters, was passed.

The 4th clause, providing that letters should be charged by weight, at the rate of 2d. for for half an ounce; and

The 5th clause affixing the same rates of postage on all inland letters; were passed.

The 6th clause, enacting that the town letters should be charged at the rate of one penny per half ounce, was passed.

The 7th clause, enacting that on all ship letters not exceeding half an ounce, a rate of threepence should be charged, and an additional threepence for every half ounce, was passed.

The 8th clause, enacting that postage on ship letters should be paid for by the sender, was passed.

The 9th clause, providing for the transmission of parcels, periodical productions, legislative proceedings, or banker's parcels, at the rate of twopence for every four ounces, was passed.

The 10th clause, empowering the Postmaster with the Governor's approval, to cause stamps to be made and sold, was passed.

The 11th clause, making it a felony to forge post office stamps, was passed.

The 12th clause, enacting that covers of letters, or parcels stamped to the amount of the postage chargable on the same, shall pass post free, was passed.

Clause 13, enacting that if any deficiency exists between the stamp and the rate of postage chargeable, the deficient rate of postage shall be doubled, was passed.

Clause 14, providing that letters not prepaid shall pay double postage, was passed.

Clause 13, enacting that letters re-directed at the Post Office shall be charged on each redirection an additional rate of postage, was passed.

Clause 16, enacting that petitions to her Majesty, forwarded by post, shall be post free, was passed.

Clause 17, enacting that petitions to his Excellency, and to either House of Parliament, or to the Executive or Legislative Councils, to be exempt from postage, provided they do not exceed thirty-two ounces weight;

The 18th clause, providing that sailors and soldiers may receive letters on their private concerns at the rate of one penny per letter; were passed.

Clause 19, subjecting newspapers to a rate of postage of 1d. each, but not rendering it compulsory to send them by post, was read.

Mr. MARTIN moved that the rate on newspapers be reduced to one halfpenny.

The amendment was lost, and the original clause carried.

Clause 20, enacting certain conditions as to posting newspapers, was passed.

Clause 21, enacting that except in the cases specified in the Act, all privileges of sending letters by the post free of postage, or at a reduced rate of postage, shall cease and determine, was passed.

Clause 22, enacting that if the postage be not pre-paid, it shall be paid by him, or if refused, by the sender, was passed.

The 23rd clause, empowering the registry of letters on payment of any rate fixed by the Governor and Legislative Council, was passed.

The 24th clause, enacting that the apparent writer of any letter shall be deemed to be the sender, was passed.

The 26th clause, providing for the repayment of surcharges, was passed.

The 27th clause, enacting that except in the case of unclaimed letters, no letter or packet whatever, shall, under any circumstances be returned to the writer or sender thereof without the express consent of the person to whom the same is directed, nor shall any letter, &c., be sent or delivered otherwise than as directed, unless by virtue of an express warrant in writing under the hand and seal of the Governor, was passed.

The 28th clause, that all letters posted contrary to the provisions of this Act, may be detained and returned to the senders or forwarded to their destination chargeable with postage, was passed.

Clause 29, that the Postmaster may enter into contracts, and require sureties for the performance of the same, was passed.

Clause 30, that all mail bags, boxes, or packets of letters or newspapers, shall be delivered on demand from any ship or vessel, by any postmaster or port officer, was passed.

Clause 31, that mail shall be delivered immediately on arrival of a vessel at any post office on the sea coast or bank of a navigable river, and that such letters shall be kept dry while on board, was passed.

Clause 32, that every master of a ship may receive 1d. for every letter or packet, excepting newspapers, delivered by him to any postmaster, excepting only for the mail packages received according to law from the General Post Office in England, was passed

Clause 33, compelling vessels leaving the colony to take mails if required, and that the master of every ship shall be entitled to one penny for every letter or packet he may be required to carry, was passed.

Clause 34, enacting that masters or commanders of steamers shall receive mails on board and give receipts for the same, was passed.

Clause 35, that steamboats and other vessels shall give notice of their approach to any post office or other place appointed for the receipt and despatch of letters, was passed.

The 36th clause, enacting that the allowance to masters of vessels conveying mails should be one halfpenny for every letter or packet, (newspapers excepted) was passed.

Clause 37, enacting that every port officer or postmaster neglecting to deliver or despatch such mails, be liable to a penalty not exceeding £50, was passed.

The 38th clause, making the sending of any letters or packet otherwise than by post, punishable by a penalty not exceeding £20, was passed.

Clause 39, excepting letters or packets exceeding sixteen ounces weight from the operation of the last clause, was passed.

The 40th clause, that all officers in the Post-office neglecting or omitting to comply with these regulations, be liable to a penalty not exceeding £50, was passed.

The 41st clause, imposing a fine not exceeding £5, for every driver of a mail wilfully or carelessly delaying the mail, was passed.

The 42nd clause, enacting that fraudulently retaining, after delivery thereof by mistake, any letter or packet, or wilfully secreting or detaining any letter that may have been lost, shall be considered a misdemeanor, was passed.

Clause 43, enacting that no hackney carriage shall ply for hire opposite to the General Post Office, and that no hawker, newsvender, &c., shall stop or loiter on the pavement before the General Post Office, was passed.

The 44th clause, that every fraudulent taking of any letter shall be deemed a felony, punishable by imprisonment with or without hard labour, or if a male, to be worked on the roads for any period not exceeding fourteen years, was passed.

The 45th clause, that all offences against this Act in respect of which pecuniary penalties are imposed, may be heard and determined in a summary way before any two justices of the peace;

The 46th clause, limiting the time in which any action may be commenced against any person for putting any part of the Act in force to twelve months, and requiring the defendant to plead the general issue, was passed, the plaintiff on such actions being liable to treble costs, on judgment being given against him.

The 47th clause, enacting that the postage duties shall be paid to her Majesty, her heirs, and successors, for the uses of the colony, was passed.

The 48th clause, providing that the Act shall not interfere with powers vested in the Postmaster-General and Commissioners of the Treasury, were passed.

The House then resumed, and the Chairman reported the Bill as amended, and the Bill was ordered to be read a third time on Wednesday next.

INTESTATE ESTATES CLAIMS BILL.

The Governor's Message with the Intestate Estate Claims Bill having been read—

The COLONIAL SECRETARY: The object of this Bill was to create a fund out of which the claims against the late Registrar-General might be paid. It was proposed that certain sums of money unclaimed from Intestate Estates, which had been hitherto paid into the Colonial Treasury as *droits of* the Crown, should be appropriated to this purpose. A sum amounting to £4000 had already accumulated from this source, and a further sum was annually paid in. It was proposed that this sum should in the first instance be rateably distributed amongst the claimants, and further distributions would from time to time be made. The Bill was then read a first time, and ordered to be read a second time to-morrow (this day.)

REGISTRAR-GENERAL'S OFFICE ABOLITION BILL.

His Excellency's message, with the Registrar-General's Office Abolition Bill, having been read,

The COLONIAL SECRETARY stated that this measure had been rendered indispensable by the abolition of the office of the Registrar-General by the Council. An arrangement not altogether satisfactory, had been made to keep open the Registry Office in one of the departments of the Supreme Court The case of the late Registrar-General who had been deprived of his office without any fault of his own, was a very hard one, and that his claim to compensation or a small pension would be entitled to the best consideration of the Government.

Mr. WENTWORTH expressed his belief that no member who had voted against this office, ever contemplated that the officer whose salary had been withheld would be allowed to remain unprovided for. He thought that, as a considerable saving in the expenditure had been effected, there could be no objection that a pension of £250 out of the pension fund in Schedule C, should be given to this officer.

The Bill was then read a first time, and ordered to be read a second time to-morrow (this day).

APPROPRIATION BILL.

The above Bill was read a second time, considered in Committee, and ordered to be engrossed and read a third time to morrow (this day).

QUARANTINE BILL.

The above Bill was read a third time and passed.

POLICE REWARD FUND BILL.

The above Bill was also read a third time and passed.

CUSTOMS BILL.

The above Bill having been read a second time, upon the motion of the COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS, the House went into Committee for its consideration. The object of this Bill was to effect certain amendments in the practical working of the existing Customs Law, which had been found necessary by experience, the clauses being taken from an English Act.

Clause 1 repealed parts of the existing Law.

Clause 2 defined what should be deemed breaking bulk, and provided that certain coin, bullion, &c., might be landed without duty.

Clause 3 provided a penalty of £5 for ships failing to bring-to when hailed by the Customs officer.

Clause 4—master to produce manifest within one league of the coast, and deliver copy if so required.

Clause 5 was withdrawn.

Clause 6, defined what should be deemed a ship's clearance, and authorised officer to produce it.

Clause 7. Goods to be cleared in three years or be sold.

Clause 8. Goods may be re-sorted and re-packed, spirits may be drawn into casks, or bottled for stores, or exportation, &c.

Clause 9.—Mode of proceding to condemnation of goods liable to forfeiture.

The whole of these clauses having been passed, the Bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time on Wednesday next.

POSTPONEMENTS.

The consideration in Committee of the Cumberland County Roads Bill, and the Slaughter-houses Bill, was postponed until to-day.

SYDNEY UNIVERSITY.

Mr. WENTWORTH moved that an address be presented to His Excellency the Governor, praying that he will be pleased to recommend to this House the insertion in the Bill for incorporating and endowing a University, to be called the University of Sydney, the permanent endowment clause suggested in the report of the Select Committee appointed to inquire into and to report upon the best means of instituting a University for the promotion of literature and science, to be endowed at the public expense—such suggestion being that £5000 a year be appropriated from the General Revenue as a fund for salaries, a library, and other necessary annual expenses. In making this motion, he said he felt bound to acknowledge the obligation which he lay under to his honorable friend opposite (the Colonial Secretary), for the assistance which had been afforded by that gentleman towards bringing this matter to a completion. He had no doubt that the cordial assent of the Governor might be relied on, and at that late period of the evening he would not detain them by entering into any argument.

The COLONIAL SECRETARY said that he had great pleasure in seconding this motion, and he had no doubt that His Excellency the Governor would not only most cordially assent to the proposition, but would afford every facility in his power towards establishing and carrying out this most useful institution.

The motion was then carried, and the address was ordered to be presented to His Excellency by the Speaker.

BUSINESS OF THE SESSION.

Mr. NICHOLS enquired when it was likely the business of the session would terminate.

The COLONIAL SECRETARY said, that this was a difficult question to answer, considering that the honorable member who put it was bringing forward a Bill containing many sheets, which would probably take them three weeks to get through. He believed, however, it was not the intention of the honorable member to press this Bill, and if so, he saw no reason why the Government business should not be got through next week; he did not conceive that there would be any occasion for further delay. The Council therefore ought to be prorogued early in the following week.

Council adjourned at 20 minutes past 7 until 3 o'clock this afternoon.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

SUPREME COURT.

WEDNESDAY.

BEFORE his Honor Sir ALFRED STEPHEN.

James Garrett Ewer, Esq., was, at the opening of the Court, sworn in as a magistrate of the territory.

INSOLVENCY JURISDICTION.

IN THE ESTATE OF JOHN LARNACH.

The CHIEF COMMISSIONER moved that the certificate granted to the above-named insolvent be confirmed.

Granted.

The CHIEF COMMISSIONER moved in the following estates that the plans of distribution filed therein be confirmed, viz.:—In the estate of William Hodgkinson, showing a dividend of 13d. 58-64 in the pound; in the estate of William Penn Blick, showing a payment in full of the preferent claims, and 2½d. in the pound on the concurrent claims; in the estate of Thomas Wheaton Bowden, showing a dividend of 7s. in the pound to the creditors who had proved since the confirmation of the last plan of distribution, and for the payment of certain law costs incurred in opposing the granting the insolvent his certificate; and in the estate of Richard Windeyer, deceased, showing a dividend of 4s. 8½d. for the specialty creditors.

Granted.

IN THE ESTATE OF JOHN THOMAS BARRETT.

Mr. DOWLING on behalf of a creditor, moved for a rule *nisi* under section 100th of the Insolvent Act, calling upon the above insolvent to show cause why he should not be imprisoned until he had paid his debts. It was sworn that he had since his insolvency entered into an agreement to pay so much per month, out of his salary, towards the liquidation of his debts, but had failed to perform his agreement. It was also sworn that he was in receipt of a salary, out of which he might pay so much per month towards the liquidation of his debts.

Rule *nisi* granted, returnable next Wednesday.

ASSIZE INTELLIGENCE.

BATHURST CIRCUIT COURT.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 21.

BEFORE His Honor Mr. Justice DICKINSON.

MURDER.

His HONOR, in the course of summing up to the Jury in a case the previous day, took much pains to point out the distinction drawn by law between cases of murder and manslaughter. About six o'clock he had the Jury called into Court and enquired whether there was any likelihood of their agreeing on a verdict; the foreman said there was not. His Honor then intimated that there was no other course than to lock them up until they could agree; that if they came to such conclusion any time before eleven o'clock that night, if he was sent for he would come to the Court and receive their verdict; he was not sent for, but appeared in Court at nine o'clock on Friday morning; immediately after his entrance the prisoner was placed in the dock, and the Jury were called into Court, when the foreman said the jury were desirous that Rogers, a witness who had been called for the defence, should be called again, or if not in attendance, that his Honor would be pleased to read his notes of the evidence of this witness. Rogers was called, but was not in attendance. His Honor then read his notes. After which the Jury held a short consultation, and returned a verdict of not guilty of murder, but guilty of manslaughter; with a strong recommendation to mercy. His HONOR said, in passing sentence, that he was bound to pay every attention to the recommendation of so intelligent and respectable a Jury, and sentenced the prisoner to be confined eighteen months in Bathurst Gaol, with hard labour.

SHEEP STEALING.

James Palmer was indicted for killing a sheep, the property of Mr. William Lane, on the 4th June last. It appeared that the prisoner was in Mr. Lane's employ as shepherd, at a station of that gentleman's at Lewis' Ponds; the principal witness against him was Isaac Mason, hutkeeper at the same station, and he stated that on the evening of the day named, when the prisoner came home with a flock of ewes that he had charge of, he said he had got some strangers amongst them; when the sheep were turned into the yard, prisoner said he wished Mason to look over them; shortly after the prisoner caught hold of a ewe, when Mason told the prisoner that it bore his master's ear-mark; he let go that one, and caught hold of another and carried it out of the yard towards the hut; Mason waited to fasten and secure the gates, and on reaching the hut, he found the prisoner standing over a sheep with its throat cut; it was taken into the hut, and there skinned; the entrails taken out, and the skin and entrails taken outside of the hut, some of the meat was cooked and eaten for supper, the prisoner strongly urging Mason to partake of a part of it, which through fear and with much reluctance he did. This occurred on Monday, the hut-keeper did not report the circumstances to his master until the Friday following; in the interim, the overseer had been at the station, and the circumstance was not mentioned to him. Mr. J. T. Lane procured the assistance of a constable, and proceeded to the station, on his arrival he found the skin of a recently slaughtered sheep, on enquiring of the prisoner how it came there, he said it was from a strange sheep which had strayed into his flock and he had killed it; on looking for the ears, he found they had been cut off; after searching about the hut, he found two ears on a wall plate in the hut, those ears bore the mark of the flock in the prisoner's charge, and belonging to his father; he then taxed him with killing one of his father's sheep; after some hesitation he acknowledged he had, and said he supposed he was good for three years in irons; he offered to give three pounds wages that was due to him to say nothing about it; this could not be listened to. The case was clearly brought home, and the Jury, after an absence of about twenty minutes, returned a verdict of guilty. Sentenced to hard labour on the roads or public works for five years.

DISCHARGE.

John Hampson, who was tried at the Circuit Court held here in September, 1847, and was then sentenced to two years' imprisonment in Bathurst Goal, at the expiration of that period to procure two sureties to the amount of £25 each that he should be of good behaviour for 12 months, was brought before the court for the purpose of being discharged, he being prepared with two sureties, Messrs. T. Whitton and T. Cooper, who being found unexceptionable, their recognisances were taken and Hampson was released.

LIBEL.

In the case Davis *v.* Isaacs, Mr. HOLROYD begged leave to place on the record of the Court the information, stating that he appeared for the plaintiff, and adding that a copy of it had been prepared, and would, during the day, be served on the defendant.

Mr. M'INTOSH, who was present, and is engaged as attorney for the latter, at once agreed to accept service of the copy on behalf of his client, four days being allowed to plead to it after such service.

UTTERING FORGED ORDERS.

Martin Joyce was indicted for uttering a forged order with intent to defraud Philip Stott; from the evidence of the prosecutor and his wife, it appeared that in May last the prisoner went to the house of Stott and called for several glasses of liquor, he had previously been a customer, and had run up a score to the amount of £1 6s. Mrs. S. requested a settlement of this account, when the prisoner showed her a check for £6 4s., and said settle all out of that; he continued drinking there for two or three days, until his score amounted to £3 5s. Stott, who kept a public house at Carcoar, then demanded payment of the sum due, when the prisoner tendered a check for £6 4s., purporting to be drawn by Mr. Rothery on the Union Bank of Australia, in favour of Robert Nicholson, which the prisoner stated he had received from Mr. Rothery for wages. On being questioned by Mrs. S. as to why the check had not been drawn in his own favour instead of another person, he answered, that was his business, not theirs; he then went away, taking the check with him; he called again two days after, when Mr. Stott again demanded a settlement of his account, and asked for the check that the prisoner had previously shown to Stott's wife; the prisoner then produced the check alluded to, and Mr. Stott laid three one-pound notes on the table as the difference of the sum the prisoner owed and the amount of the check; on the check being handed to him he had some suspicion that the signature was not genuine, he took up the notes and handed the check to his wife, and as it was mutilated and torn, requested her to paste a piece of paper on the back of it, this she did; shortly after this, constable Fitzpatrick came in, when it was determined, as he was going to Mr. Rothery's, that the check should be sent by him, to ascertain whether it was correct; to this proposition the prisoner appeared quite willing. On the following day, the constable returned and said the check was a forgery, and the prisoner was apprehended. In his defence he stated that he had received the check from some person on the Lachlan, for whom he did some work, he did not know his name, and on enquiry he could not find the persons who were present when he took it.

Mr. Rothery was called, and swore that neither the body of the check nor the signature was his handwriting.

The Jury, after an absence of a quarter of an hour, returned a verdict of guilty. Sentence—two years' imprisonment in Bathurst Gaol, with hard labour.

HORSE STEALING.

John Payne, a native, about seventeen years of age, was indicted for stealing a horse, the property of Moses Sykes; the prisoner pleaded guilty. His Honor told him that his so pleading would not tend to a lighter sentence, and offered the alternative of retracting his plea and taking his trial. The prisoner, however, persisted in pleading guilty; he was remanded to allow an opportunity of making some enquiries respecting him. Towards the close of the business of the day, he was brought up for sentence, which was, that he should be imprisoned in Bathurst Gaol for three years, the first fortnight in solitary confinement, and that the first week in the months of October, January, April, and July, during his sentence, should also be passed in solitary confinement, His Honor intimating that if at the end of two years it could be certified to him that his conduct had been good during that time, that he would then recommend a mitigation of the remainter of his sentence.

ROBBERY.

Charles Berringer and Enoch Jones were indicted for stealing sundry articles, the property of some person to the Solicitor-General unknown.

Mr. HOLROYD appeared to defend Jones. It appeared that on the 16th of April last, a man named Ramsay died, the prisoner Berringer being in his employ. A man named William Turner stated, that on the day of the death of Ramsay, the prisoner Berringer had requested him (Turner) to assist in removing some articles from the residence of the deceased, telling the latter to take anything himself that he thought would be useful to him, for if they did not, then the Government would. Turner selected some things, which with those Berringer had picked out for his own use, were taken to the hut of the prisoner Jones, and were afterwards found there by the constable who had been sent there with a search warrant. The only thing to implicate Jones in the transaction was in suffering the property to be brought to his premises. The day after the death of Ramsay, Berringer went to Orange and reported his death to Mr. Arkins, Clerk of Petty Sessions, and agent for the Curator of Intestate Estates. This gentleman inquired of the prisoner whether the deceased had not left some money, when Berringer produced 5s., which he said he had found on the person of the deceased, and that was all the money. He was afterwards taken into custody, and subsequently, accompanied by Mr. Arkins, went to the hut of the deceased, within a short distance of which Berringer lifted up a large stone, and produced a small canvas bag, in which was found a promissory note for £5, and some checks and orders, for money; those Berringer said he had received from the deceased to take care of. For Jones four highly respectable persons were called as to character, some of whom had known him for more than twenty years, all of them spoke highly of his character and conduct for the time they had known him. The Jury after a short absence returned a verdict of guilty against Berringer, who was sentenced to be worked four years on the roads or works. Jones—not guilty, and he was discharged.

UTTERING FORGED ORDERS.

Thomas Hammond was indicted for uttering a forged order, with intent to defraud Thomas Kirkpatrick. From the evidence it appeared that on the 11th of July last, the prisoner went to the house of Kirkpatrick, at Cowra Rocks, in the district of Carcoar; he remained there about three days, during which time he ran up a score to the amount of £5, in payment of which he tendered a check for £12 5s., purporting to be drawn by E. Beckham, in favour of Henry Jamieson, on the Sydney Banking Company, he, the prisoner, stating to the landlord that he was Henry Jamieson, and that he had received the check from Mr. Beckham in payment for wages; on one occasion the prisoner was found lying on a bed in a verandah room at the house of Kirkpatrick drunk; the latter seeing him in that state, and as the room was an open one, he searched his person to see if he had any money, of which, in his state, he might be robbed; he found on him a discharge of Henry Jamieson, and purporting to be signed by Mr. Beckham. The prisoner said he wanted employment, and Kirkpatrick agreed to engage him for the service of Mr. Rothery, as shepherd, at £18 per annum—a regular agreement was drawn out and signed by the prisoner. Constable Fitzpatrick apprehended the prisoner on the 17th July, going in a very different direction to Mr. Rothery's station, that he had been engaged for. Mr. Beckham was called, said the check was not his handwriting, nor was the signature; the discharge was not his writing, but that of a man named Cooke, in his employ. The Jury, after an absence of about ten minutes, found a verdict of guilty—sentence, two years' imprisonment in Bathurst Gaol, with hard labour.

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HORSE-STEALING.

Daniel Baker was indicted for horse-stealing, the principal witness, James Callaghan, refused to take the usual oath, saying he was of the Society of Friends, although not an admitted member of that Society. His Honor the Judge put the question to this witness whether he was, or not, a Quaker, to this he evaded for a long time from giving a direct answer, after a great deal of coyness he said he was a Quaker. His Honor then allowed his evidence to be taken on affirmation, at the same time intimating that he should reserve the point for the opinion of the Judges in full Court, as to whether, under the circumstances, the evidence of this witness was admissible. It appeared that the prosecutor was in May last possessed of a bay entire horse; that on the 14th of that month he had tethered this horse at a short distance from his residence, at Nurea, near Wellington; it was branded JS near shoulder, but very faint; he so tethered the horse at 11 o'clock A.M.; he saw it there three hours after; when he went about seven o'clock in the evening to release him from the tether, he found both horse and tether gone; he did not see the horse again until the 27th of that month, when he saw it at the Police Office branded with DB over the old brand. John Wright proved having placed the brand on the horse at the request of the prisoner at a blacksmith's, at Blackman's Swamp, where the prisoner brought the horse to be branded. A constable said that the prisoner told him he had got the horse in exchange for a mare. The case was a clear one; the Jury, after a short absence, returned a verdict of guilty. Sentence, six years' hard labour on the roads or works.

The Court adjourned until nine o'clock on Saturday.

DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE.

AUSTRALASIAN BOTANIC AND HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

——— Cities, then,
Attract us, and neglected nature pines,
Abandon'd, as unworthy of our love.
But are not wholesome airs though unperfumed
By roses; and clear suns, though scarcely felt;
And groves, if unharmonious, yet secure
From clamour, and whose very silence charms;
To be preferred to smoke, to the eclipse
That metropolitan volcanoes make?—COWPER.

VERY nearly on this day of the month of September, a year ago, we had to record the first floral exhibition of the Australasian Botanic and Horticultural Society. Approving heartily of the principles on which that Society was founded, interested in its immediate objects, and deeply impressed with a sense of the important social results calculated to result from it, our task then—confined as it was to a narration of triumphant success—was, in truth, a labour of love. Two subsequent exhibitions in the Summer and the Fall of the past year, but served to stamp upon this Society the seal of popularity. But the floral seasons of Australia are transient, and the long winter months have given us pause in a task which we own to be one of the most pleasurable, that mingles with our duties. But it has been gratifying to us to know that though the more attractive features of the society were for a time veiled, though its more exciting functions were for a time suspended, that it has not lost caste—it has not been thrown aside as a mere bubble, blown to amuse and delight the vision for a moment, and to dissolve for ever in empty air. We find from the annual report of the Society that its prospects are eminently flattering. By an accident, we did not notice this report at the time it was brought up at the annual meeting of the Society, and it may not, therefore, be out of place if we make brief allusion to it now. We heartily concur in the congratulatory exordium of the report, "that, established as the Society was to promote botanic and horticultural science, and to encourage the manufactures and productions of the colony, that the Society has been enabled to attract much public attention to the cause of horticulture, and also to encourage in some degree the production of articles of colonial manufacture, which promise at no distant period to become valuable in the home and foreign markets." In support of this statement the report goes on to say that many persons have, in consequence of the establishment of this society, and the rivalry it has stimulated to excel in the science of horticulture, been induced to enter largely into the importation of valuable plants from Europe and other parts of the world; and further, that it has led to the erection of buildings for horticultural purposes of a character hitherto unknown in the colony.

There can be no doubt that public exhibitions which have excited so much interest in the public mind as those which have hitherto taken place in connexion with this society, must have contributed strongly to increase the ardour which has stimulated competition to produce the specimens which have been from time to time exhibited. Corn, oil, and wine, dried fruits, flax, and hemp, (and to our unqualified delight, wool and cotton at the show of yesterday) have come under public inspection and public criticism at these exhibitions, and we doubt not the growth of all, will be materially improved by the expression of opinion and suggestions to which such exhibition must give rise. The only dispiriting feature in the progress of the Society hitherto, has been somewhat of apathy displayed in the promotion of botanical science, as the report informs us that the collection of a few standard works—as the basis of a library—is the only step that has been taken in this direction. We regret this, but it is not a hopeless regret. We know human nature too well, not to feel that before science can make its way a taste for science must prevail—that the senses must in some measure be gratified by the results of science, before the love of its abstract principles can be widely and generally diffused; and light and frivolous as these periodical floral shows may appear to some—gathering together as they do, not the grave philosophers nor the flippant dilettanti of our community, they have a deeper importance when viewed as an expression of approbation of that perfection, which, without the exercise of art and science, it is impossible to attain. But we regard with pleasure one portion of the report, which assures us, that even with regard to the promotion of botanical science the society has been neither idle nor useless. We allude to the design to issue from the Society, papers relative to the cultivation and preparation of useful plants, a design which has in the first instance been carried into effect, by the publication by the Society of a most valuable work on the growth of the grape, fig, and olive in Spain, from the pen of Sir Thomas Mitchell.

The more business portion of the Report is also very satisfactory, for although in the preparation of marquees for exhibition, expense was incurred which fell very heavy on an infant institution, still, at the close of the first year of the Society's operations, a balance was left in the hands of the Treasurer. In this part of the Report various improvements in the management of the exhibitions are contemplated, with all of which we concur, and shall take due notice of them as they are carried into effect. We would also remark, that at the last general meeting, the subscription for membership was reduced to one guinea, so that every subscriber of one guinea now enjoys the privilege of attending all meetings of the Society, and voting in the election of the Committee and officers. The first year of this society has therefore been a happy one; a result attributable in great measure to the exertions of many gentlemen on the Committee, and particularly to those of the indefatigable Secretary, Mr. White.

Returning from this digression into the past, we return to the present, and we rejoice to say that the auspices of the present year are as favourable as those which beamed upon the last. We have again to congratulate the Society, as having been favoured with one of the loveliest days of the season. And, although the spring may be somewhat behind hand this year, there was neither lack of flowers or of verdure, to make every tree and every plant look green, and fresh, and beautiful. There was not that profusion of sweets—that gathering of roses and carnations and honeysuckles, which loaded the air with perfume at the last exhibition, but the fine rain which descended in fertilising showers on Monday last, gave bloom and life to the Gardens.

With regard to these Gardens, we must also pause to say a word or two—a word we are happy to say of commendation and approval. Kept in admirable order by the director, Mr. Charles Moore, and his zealous assistant, Mr. Kidd, we trace in them distinct symptoms of that approach to classification and botanic arrangement so essential to a public institution of this nature.

The plan too, began at the period of the first flower show, of naming the trees with their botanical and familiar names, has been carried out to a large extent, and creates great additional interest in the minds of those who frequently resort to this delightful retreat. The fences too have been repaired, the walks improved, and in some instances remodelled, and on the whole we can say that the general style and appearance of the Gardens has improved. We are happy to bear this testimony, for we are always anxious to give honour where honour is due, and the more so in this instance, because with respect to this institution, both as regards the institution itself, and the gentleman to whose management it is entrusted, a sort of "set" has been made, which appears to us to have been perfectly unjustifiable. The prejudice against the director, unfair as it has been, and offensively expressed as it has at times been, is however of little consequence—so long as Mr. Moore discharges his duties satisfactorily to the public, who we are glad to say do know, and will know something of this establishment they will support him against any personal attack. The onslaught made, however, on the institution itself, we cannot pass over quite so slightly. An attempt has been made in the last two sessions of the Legislative Council to put the Gardens down. We say to put them down, for to reduce the expenses of maintaining them to one-half of its present amount, would in fact be to put them down effectually. They would soon cease to be beautiful, soon cease to be interesting—their management and conduct would be impaired, and the attraction which now draws all classes towards them would be gone. Although we do not think the maintenance of the gardens rests at all on their efficiency as a scientific institution, still even the vituperation they have been subjected to on this score, has been very much overstrained. They may not be a very instructive resort, to the very scientific, but we contend most warmly that to the botanic student they do afford a wide field of information. To the man of 10,000 they may yield no intellectual feast—to the 100 out of the 10,000 they yield it abundantly—to the 9900 out of the 10,000 they afford healthful exercise and innocent recreation. An honorable and learned member for Sydney may eloquently inveigh against this institution; the honorable member for Durham may, in the plenitude of his arithmetic, declare the colony too poverty stricken to support an institution like this; but they will talk in vain, for they talk not only against the common sense, but the higher and purer sentiment of a community. The cost of maintaining these gardens is about £900 per annum; a less sum than is annually expended by many a private English gentleman on his own private garden. And yet, we do not find those gentlemen who do keep up handsome gardens, the most addicted to the vice of extravagance. The cottager who cultivates his tiny plot of ground, or who even luxuriates tenderly over his half dozen flower pots, is not notoriously a greater spendthrift than he, who like the honorable member for Durham, eschews the idea of spending one farthing for reclaiming from "the populous solitude" of an extended city, a spot, where a man rich or poor, high or low, may wend his steps, and for a brief hour feel at home with nature. The expense of a garden is too much for the colony, says the honorable member; and we expect he would add, it is too much for private gentlemen to keep up one. We doubt not that he would quarrel with his neighbour because his own garden was a wilderness, while the neighbour's bloomed into a little paradise. The honorable gentleman would rather spend the colonial revenue, to the last farthing, on roads and bridges than in recreative and instructive institutions; under the same principle that he would apply his own income to the repair of his pump and his kitchen range, rather than ornament his residence with that useless waste of God's bounty—the gift of flowers. To him roses and jasmines are valuable only as accessories to the unguents which enrich his toilet table. Lavender and mignionette are sweet only when wafted in distilled perfume from his cambric pocket handkerchief. We denounce such paltry attempts at economy. We say, give a people at least the chance of rising in the moral and social scale. Act upon the principle that they are unfit for, or cannot afford aught of the tasteful or the intellectual, and you raise up the barricade against refinement which can never be passed. In this city particularly a garden of this sort is desirable. In the large provincial cities of England, plots of ground are laid out in small gardens, held by numerous individuals, who cultivate them according to their own tastes. Here such a luxury is impracticable, even to the middle classes who reside within the city. Therefore, we assert, apart from the question of the Botanic Garden being a scientific institution at all, that it ought to be maintained, and much as we abhor the term used in what has grown to be its conventional sense, it ought to be maintained, whether for the purposes of science or recreation, as the people's garden, and certain are we amid all the turmoil of business, and the strife of conflicting interests, the people of New South Wales will never grudge to pay for their garden.

And if the gardens can be admired at all times, we fancy, simple-minded as it may seem, that they will lose none of their attraction from the remembrance that they are made subservient to the charming entertainments which the Botanic Society has bestowed on the residents of Sydney. By what propitiation the very genius of sunshine and verdure has been invoked by the Committee we are unable to say, but last year it seemed as if they had selected—bought, contracted for—the very finest day of the season on which to give these very acceptable fêtes. Nor was the weather of yesterday less charming. At every step some token of the spring presented itself to our notice. Some lingering rosebud blushed underneath its leaf; some perfume of the violet uprose from the humble plant—incense offered at the shrine of the Sun God. The primrose too, looked up lovingly—and we felt, as we half shuddered at the remembrance of the wintry storms of Monday, inclined to address it in the words of Kirke White:

Mild offspring of a dark and sullen soil,
Whose modest form so delicately fine
Was nursed in whirling storms,
And cradled in the winds.
Thee! when young Spring first questioned Winter's sway,
And dared the sturdy blusterer to the fight—
Thee! on this bank he threw—
To mark his victory.

The collection of flowers, taken as a whole, was very good, and we observed some very interesting ones which we do not ever remember to have seen exhibited before. Among the flowers, some very beautiful specimens of Buganvillia spectabilis, exhibited by the Messrs. Macarthur, of Camden, excited much admiration.

A Passiflora Kingiana, and many other plants and shrubs from the Camden garden, also added much interest to the show.

The Messrs. Macarthur deserve the thanks of the Institution for the trouble and expense they took in sending down specimens from Camden, which were exhibited for the benefit of the Institution only—not for competition. A Torenia Asiatica, a remarkably well grown plant, from Mr. Smart's garden, an Elechrisium Proliferum and Columnea Scandens, from Mr. Mort, were also worthy of mention.

There was also exhibited by the latter gentleman a recently imported specimen of Mesembryanthemum; there was nothing very particular to remark about it, but we were glad to see it as an addition to the few species of that beautiful genus which as yet adorn our gardens. The Silver Tree (Leucadendron Argentium) from Mrs. Cooper's garden at Rocky Point, was also very fine. The Queen Verbena, by Mr. Mort, was a beautiful flower, equal to anything of the species we remember to have seen at home. The Iraduceæ, exhibited by the same gentleman, were also exceedingly good. There were some Camellias, but few of them were very good. Some Cloth of Gold Roses, by Colonel Gibbes, were also very good, and were interesting inasmuch as in addition to the Chinese Peony and other Chinese plants, they showed how successfully the produce of the Chinese gardens may be cultivated here. We may also observe amongst the curiosities of the exhibition; a collection of ferns, by Mr. Richards, grown from an old moss grown stump of a tree, amongst which the Hymenophyllum Tunbridgensis, so well known and so much sought after by the visitors to Tunbridge Wells, was conspicuous.

The following is a list of the prizes:—

FLOWERS.

Best collection of pot plants in flower, consisting of twelve miscellaneous plants, second class prize, T. W. Smart, Esq. The following were the plants exhibited:—Azalia Phœnicia, Magnolia anonæfolia, Camellia Waratah, Tropæolum tricolor, Torenia Asiatica, Plumbago capensis, Erica tertiflora, Euphorbia splendens, Bouvardia tryphilla, Fuchsia Brennus, Alexandria Linseris, Petunia vanguard.

Twelve pot plants in flower, as follow—Larg gold medal, T. S. Mort, Esq.;—Swainsonia species, Columnea scandens, Euphorbia Jacquiniflora, Begonia manicata, Passiflora Kersimina, Azalia indica purpurea, Hibiscus rosa sinensis (variegated), erica canalii culata, Elichrysum proliferum, Cyclamen persicum, Euphorbia splendens, Jasminium Wallichi.

Six best pot plants, in flower—Gold medal, Mr. J. Baptist:—Euphorbia splendens, Tropæolum, Begonia Manicata, Statici Dianthaifolia, Goldfusia Anisi-philla, and Ceropegia stapiliformis.

Six pot plants, in flower—Gold medal, to Thomas Woolley, Esq.

Best six Ericas—Large silver medal, Mr. J. Baptist.

Six second best Ericas, T. S. Mort, Esq.

Eight Fuchsias, silver medal, T. W. Smart, Esq.

Six Cinerarias were exhibited by Mr. Smart, and six by Mr. Mort, but no prize was awarded.

Eight Hybrid Pelargoniums—Large silver medal, T. W. Smart, Esq. These flowers were very beautiful, and consisted of Maclean's Perfection, Zelukia, Tasman, Grace Darling, Mrs. Parker, Helena, Clarinda, and Emperor.

Three best Auriculas—Small silver medal, Mr. Baptist, and a similar prize was awarded to Mr. Baptist for three other varieties.

Six Polyanthuses and Primroses—Silver medal, to Mr. Baptist. Mr. Smart and Mr. Baptist also exhibited collections of these flowers.

Four Cactuses—A silver medal, to Mr. J. Baptist.

Best eight annuals—Small silver medal, Thomas Woolley, Esq. They consisted of the following flowers:—Sphnoegyne speciosa, Blumenbachia Insignis, Caliopsis semiplura, Nolana sp., Schizanthus Pinnatis Collinsia tricolor, Gilia tricolor, Chrysanthimame tricolor.

Six Petunias—Silver medal, to Thomas Woolley, Esq., very pretty flower and carefully grown.

Six Verbenas were exhibited by Mr. Mort, but did not obtain a prize.

The best single specimen plant (goldfusia anisophilla) showing superior cultivation—Large silver medal, Thomas Woolley Esq.

The same gentleman exhibited in competition for this prize a Cereus speciocissimus, a very well trained plant.

For a new or rare plant in flower (Abutilon Striatum), T. W. Smart, Esq., a second class prize. A large silver medal to Mr. Mort, for a seedling Verbena, (the Queen) and a second-class prize to T. Woolley, Esq., for a Delphinium Chinensis.

The best collection of twelve Iradaceæ, including Gladiolus, Ixius, Iris, &c.—A large silver medal to T. S. Mort, Esq.

There were few collections of plants in the exhibition, more universally and more deservedly admired than this.

Best new or rare plant not in flower, (Combretum Surpureum)—Small silver medal to T. S. Mort, Esq.

Six Mimaluses, adjudged worthy of a prize, T. W. Smart, Esq.

Best collection of pansies—Small silver medal to G. J. Rogers, Esq. The flowers were tolerable and not much more.

Best collection of flowering shrubs of different species to those for which special prizes were offered—Large silver medal to Mr. Baptist.

Best collection of twelve Iridaceæ of different varieties to those before entitled to a prize—Silver medal to T. S. Mort, Esq. All very beautiful.

Best collection of not less than six Ranunculuses, Henry Watson Parker, Esq.

Single specimen of a cut flower for which no special prize was offered—a second class prize, to J. Baptist. Silver medal to Colonel Gibbes (for three Cloth of gold Roses.) Small silver medal to Mrs. Cooper, Rockey Point, (for Leucadendron argentium, silver tree.)

Best collection of cut flowers of varieties, for which no special prizes were offered, J. Baptist.

For the best bouquet—Mr. J. Saxby. There were several very splendid ones, and if Mr. Saxby's deserved the prize, it tells wondrous tales of the beauties of his garden.

FRUITS.

The show of fruit was, from the season, necessarily limited, but there were good specimens of Loquats, Oranges, and Cherimoyers.

The following were the prizes awarded:—

Best collection of Mandarin Oranges—A certificate, Mr. William White.

Dish of Navel Oranges—A certificate, Mr. William White.

Dish of Lisbon Lemons—Certificate, Mr. William White.

Dish of Loquats—Certificate, Mr. William Peyton; and Cherimoyer—Small silver medal, to the same gentleman.

VEGETABLES.

It is only necessary to say that Messrs. Baptist and Saxby exhibited in this line, to assure all that the display was first-rate. The former gentleman obtained certificates Orange Carrots, Salads, Culinary Herbs, Medicinal Herbs, Cabbages, Cauliflower, Sea Kale, and Horse-radish. The latter for Stoke Beans, Knight's Matchless Pea, Derwent Potatoes, Rhubarb, Turnips, Parsnips, Swedish Turnips, Leeks, Cabbages, and Artichokes. There was also some very beautiful Asparagus shown from the Camden garden.

ARTICLES OF COMMERCE.

On the table devoted to this department we noticed but little to attract attention beyond some specimens of cotton, the staple of some of which appeared fine—a collection of cordials, manufactured by Mr. J. V. Lavers, obtained a large silver medal. Cotton exhibited by Mr. White—a gold medal. Dried plums, by Mr. James Macarthur—a gold medal. Raisins, by Sir Thomas Mitchell—a large silver medal.

WINES.

There were only two sorts of wine exhibited, of which the judges reported as follows—

"The Society having apportioned to wines the highest prize, in order to encourage the cultivation of the vine, and to bring into use generally the wines of the colony, regret to observe such slight competition.

"Only two samples of wine were exhibited, to the best of which (a white wine, made from the Verdeilho grape, of the vintage of 1848—Numbered 2) was awarded the highest prize. At the same time the Judges desire to remark, that the wine of the same class, of the vintage of 1849, possessed qualities which they have reason to believe would next year entitle it to rank with that which has now taken the prize."

We rejoice to say that the exhibition was most numerously and fashionably attended. His Excellency the Governor, accompanied by his daughter, the Honorable Mrs. Keith Stewart, remained in the Gardens most of the afternoon. The amount received at the gates of the Garden exceeded £100; and of this sum £77 10s. was exclusive of subscriptions. We can only hope that the Society will continue in its course of prosperity, and that its conduct and management may as worthily deserve support for the future, as they have liberally obtained it in the past.

SYDNEY FEMALE REFUGE SOCIETY.—The report of the first annual meeting of this Society, which was held on Tuesday evening, is omitted for want of space until to-morrow's publication.

BURGLARY.—Some time after midnight of Monday, the premises of Mr. Bond, of Miller's Point, were entered by forcing open a window at the back, and robbed of three half-boxes of cigars and a few table spoons.

MULTUM IN PARVO.

(From late Australasian Papers.)

NOTWITHSTANDING the extent to which smelting is carried on in South Australia, there are new establishments projected.—It has been determined to have two Judges in South Australia. Mr. Mann, who is now acting in consequence of the illness of Mr. Justice Cooper will, it is expected, be appointed first puisne Judge.—Great dissatisfaction is expressed in Western Australia at the new squatting regulations, which are said to tax the squatters four times as much as the regulations in force in New South Wales.—A "Western Australia Land and Labour Association" has been formed in London, for the purpose of inducing emigration to Swan River.—The Western Australia Bank had declared a dividend at the rate of 12½ per cent. per annum.—The total number of prisoners tried at the Supreme Court of Van Diemen's Land during the year 1848 was 228; the total number of convictions being 148; acquittals, 80. The total number of prisoners tried who came free to the colony was 28; the remaining 200 were transported. Of those who came free to the colony 19 were acquitted, and only 9 convicted: of those who were free by servitude or conditionally pardoned, 29 were acquitted, and 57 convicted. Of those who were convicts at the time of trial, 32 were acquitted and 82 convicted. The total number of convictions of those who were originally transported was 139; acquittals, 61.—The Lieutenant-Governor of Van Diemen's Land has appointed Andrew Clarke, Esq., Lieutenant in the Royal Engineers, to be his Private Secretary. Chester Eardley Wilmot, Esq., relieves Lieutenant Clarke as Aide-de-Camp to His Excellency.—The officers employed in the convict department in Van Diemen's Land at the reduction of the stations will receive, as compensation for the loss of employment, one month's salary for every year of service under the Government.—Two thousand seven hundred and ninety persons have left Van Diemen's Land for Port Phillip during the year 1848, 280 for Sydney, 415 for Adelaide, and 307 for other places: total, 3799. Of these—2400 were free persons, 978 prisoners who had served their sentences, and 421 were persons holding conditional pardons. 2999 men, 1000 women, and 411 children had arrived from various parts of the world during that year; of whom there were 925 male and 509 female convicts, and 26 children; leaving the free arrivals at 2074 males, 491 females, and 385 children.—At the last monthly meeting of the Royal Society of Van Diemen's Land, Mr. Hugh Hull read a paper prepared by the late deeply regretted Captain Stanley, upon the introduction of salmon into the rivers of Tasmania, and a correspondence between James L. Burnett, Esq., and some gentlemen in the north of Scotland, interested in the project. Sir William Denison stated that he had requested the Right Hon. the Secretary of State for the Colonies to allow tanks containing *smoult* of salmon to be brought on board convict-ships, under the care of the surgeon-superintendent. — The number of paupers maintained at the expense of the colony of Van Diemen's Land in hospitals during the year 1848, was 458; 16 of whom were lunatics, and 442 invalids. Of these numbers 9 lunatics came free to the colony, and 7 were free by servitude or by conditional pardon. The total number free to the colony was 104; free by servitude and by conditional pardon 354.—Fielding Browne, Esq., Barrister-at-Law, has been appointed to hold a Court of Criminal Jurisdiction at Norfolk Island, and John Compton Gregson, Esq., to be Clerk of Arraigns.—The following motion has been carried by the Melbourne City Council—"That the Mayor be directed to draw the attention of the Government to the complete concession in the recent report of the Committee of her Majesty's Privy Council on the subject of the proposed new consitution for the Australian Colonies of the principle contended for by the Council relative to their claim to a portion of the proceeds of the sale of Crown lands within the city, and to request that the necessary steps may be taken to move her Majesty to direct the application of such funds to their proper purposes."

METEOROLOGY.

(Compiled expressly for the Sydney Morning Herald.)

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT, SOUTH HEAD, FROM 18TH TO 24TH SEPTEMBER, 1849.

Date.	Moon's Age.	Barometer. 8½ A.M.	Barometer. 2½ P.M.	Barometer. Sunset.	Barometer. 9 P.M.	Attached Thermometer. 8½ A.M.	Attached Thermometer. 2½ P.M.	Attached Thermometer. Sunset.	Attached Thermometer. 9 P.M.	Detached Thermometer. 8½ A.M.	Detached Thermometer. 2½ P.M.	Detached Thermometer. Sunset.	Detached Thermometer. 9 P.M.	Wet.	Register Thermometer. Maxim.	Register Thermometer. Minim.	Rain Fallen.	Winds.
Tuesday, 18	1	29·926	29·902	29·914	29·944	60	65	62	61	56	66	62	58	59	66	47	....	W. by S., S.E., E.N.E., N.N.E.
Wednesday, 19	2	29·951	29·801	29·808	29·814	63	65	64	63	59	66	62	59	62	66	54	....	N.
Thursday, 20	3	29·782	29·606	29·640	29·623	63	66	65	65	62	72	70	54	62	72	57	0·01	N.N.W., N. by W., N., N.W.
Friday, 21	4	29·500	29·431	29·402	29·464	67	67	57	63	66	74	68	62	60	74	62	....	N.W., W.N.W.
Saturday, 22	5	29·523	29·501	29·494	29·554	64	66	63	63	62	68	62	57	58	68	60	....	W.N.W., W. by N.
Sunday, 23	6	29·583	29·484	29·486	29·530	63	62	58	59	58	61	58	56	60	65	54	0·09	N.W., W.N.W., N.W. by W.
Monday, 24	9·29 A.M.	29·494	29·499	29·533	29·602	54	55	54	54	49	49	46	49	49	50	46	0·46	S., S. by W., S., S. by E., S.S.E., S., S.S.W.

GENERAL REMARKS.

Tuesday, 18.—Morning, light westerly airs, midday calm, P.M. fresh north-easterly breezes; bright fine weather all day till sunset, when became hazy and cloudy.

Wednesday, 19.—Morning, calm and clear; noon, north wind freshened up, and blew strong all the afternoon; clear delightful weather through the day; night hazy.

Thursday, 20.—Light north-westerly airs forenoon, and particularly mild; a heavy gloom gathered throughout the north-western sky, which continued all day. After two o'clock wind became warm and blew very strong rest of the day. Early night, darkly overcast and damp, and some light showers.

Friday, 21.—Calm fine morning, but cloudy; light north-west wind through the day until eight P.M.; clouds all passed off A.M., and atmosphere remained beautifully clear, dry, and sun powerful; early part night blew strong from about west-north-west.

Saturday, 22.—Calm and beautifully clear early morn; after nine o'clock wind freshened from north-west, blew strong middle part, and increased to brisk gales P.M. Clear dry atmosphere.

Sunday, 23.—Light north-west airs and calms A.M.; partial showers about eleven o'clock, after which sun shone with much power till near two o'clock; between two and half-past two a sudden change of temperature took place; air grew quite chilly, and some cold showers of rain went over us from north-west; wind became cold and squally for a little while, then mild and pleasant again; subsequently dark clouds accumulated from westward, partial showers in various places; early night, wind freshened from north-west; lightning for some hours in north-east to east; latter part night wind shifted to southward, and brought up nimbus and rain.

Monday, 24.—Showery weather all forenoon; after two o'clock, boisterous gales and rain in squally showers all the rest of the day, veering south to about south-south-east latter part; between ten and eleven P.M. wind got to west of south, still coarse and squally with hard flying showers; after midnight cleared up; wind continued fresh from southward by west

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

MR. W. G. MOORE.—On the premises known as the Victoria Inn, Parramatta-street, facing Cooper's Distillery, at 11 o'clock, Lease, License, Bar Fittings, Casks, and Fixtures, also, Household Furniture, Stone Truck, Water Cart, Horses, and Sundry Goods.

MR. J. G. COHEN.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Hobart Town Apples, Lemons, and Onions, also Ironmongery, Hardware, &c.

MR. S. LYONS.—At Duke's Wharf, Darling Harbour, at 11 o'clock, Whaling Gear of the Barque Fame, Store and Wharf Cranes, Stearine, Paper, and Wool Presses, 60 cwt. Sheet Anchor.

MR. MORT.—At his Stores at 11 o'clock, Wool, Tallow, Hides, Sheepskins, Sacks, Woolpacks, Gold Scales, White Herrings, Pork, Epsom Salts, Cheese, &c.; at half-past 11 o'clock, Books, Paintings, Engravings, &c.; at Town's Wharf, at 3 o'clock, 229 trusses Hay.

MR. ARMSTRONG.—At his Repository, at 12 o'clock, the Stallion Nazeer Fareeb, and Saddle and Harness Horses.

MR. R. FAWCETT.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Bacon and Hams.

MR. G. PICKERING.—On the premises, Pitt-street, next door to the Cottage of Content, at 11 o'clock, Household Furniture, Paintings, Engravings.

THE SHERIFF.—At the London Tavern, at 12 o'clock, 640 acres Land near Maitland.

DRAPERS' RACES.—His Excellency the Governor has signified his intention of being present at these races on Friday next.

BURGLARY.—Some time after 10 on Tuesday evening and before 6 yesterday morning the premises of Mr. Rowland, Bathurst-street, were burglariously entered, and a variety of wearing apparel, bed and table linen, some wine glasses and decanters, worth about £5, were stolen therefrom.

COMMITTAL.—On Tuesday night the keeper of a lodging house in Clarence-street discovered one of her lodgers in the act of walking down stairs with a couple of blankets and a counterpane; perceiving that he was discovered he retreated, and threw himself on the bed from which he had stolen the articles aforesaid. The lady of the house however was not to be put off her guard by such a dodge as this: she gave him into the custody of a policeman, on a charge of robbery. Yesterday morning he was committed to take his trial.

POLICE OFFICE.—The sitting magistrates yesterday were, the Mayor, Alderman Allen, and Mr. Alexander; Mr. D. Allan had been summoned, but did not attend. The names of Alderman Broughton, Mr. Barker, and Captain Brown appear on the roster for bench duties to-day (Thursday.)

ATTEMPTED ROBBERY.—On Sunday, it was discovered (by what means does not appear) that in the course of the previous night the stores of Messrs. Smith, Brothers, in Sussex-street, had been broken into. Information thereof having been given to the Police, between five and six o'clock in the afternoon Inspector Burrows and Sergeant Clark, of the Sydney Police Force, proceeded with the storekeeper to inspect the premises. On entering, there was found close by the door nine pieces of cloth, of the value of £150, which had been brought down from the upper floor of the building; a dog, which was kept on the premises, was found locked up in one of the offices, and a ham had been thrown to him; and a staple and lock it was found had been drawn from one of the doors. Clark proceeded up stairs, and in prosecution of his search, went on the top of the house, where he found a man named Peter Wardner (not long out of gaol), and discovered that the entry into the premises had been effected by cutting a hole through the roof. He secured his man, handcuffed and searched him; he found on him a silver pencil-case, a gold pen, a penknife, and a number of bills, receipts, and other papers, the prisoner admitted having broken into the premises, having removed the goods, having taken down a ham, of which he ate a part, and threw the rest to the dog, and having taken some tools (chisels) from the cellar, which he had made use of in forcing open doors and drawers. On Monday, he was brought up on the charge before Mr. Smart, and committed to take his trial at the next session of the Criminal Court, the pencil case, pen, and penknife, found upon him having been identified by Mr. Thompson, a clerk in the establishment, as his property, and the papers having been sworn to by Mr. John Smith as being the property of the firm, and that all of them had been left in the counting-house on Saturday evening. There is no doubt that had not the entry been discovered when it was, there would have been a most extensive weeding of the store before daylight on Monday.

THE DOG NUISANCE.—On the case of the Queen against Jefferson, for a breach of the Dog Act, being called on on Monday, the Mayor said he had deferred giving sentence in this matter until then, in order that he might include in his sentence the amount of expenses to which the parents of the little child had been put for medical attendance, but seeing that they have their remedy against the defendant in another Court, he considered that it would perhaps be more expedient not now to take it into consideration. So frequently had similar occurrences taken place in Sydney, that he considered it was the duty of the bench, instead of (as heretofore) inflicting only the minimum penalty in cases of conviction of this nature, to impose such exemplary fines as would teach the owners of savage dogs that they must not allow them to roam at large with impunity: the sentence he would now pass was, that the defendant pay a penalty of 50s. for the offence of which, by his plea, he had admitted himself to be guilty, with the costs of the proceedings.

ALLEGED STEALING.—On the 4th July last, Inspector Burrows was at the house of the general dealer, Goulding, looking for some property which had been stolen, but which he did not find. Among the articles which were alleged to have been pledged there was a silver spoon having a cock engraved thereon, which the Inspector thought was not quite "all right," he therefore took charge of it; Goulding said it was pledged to him for 2s. by a woman who gave her name as Plumridge, and that he should know her again. About a month since Burrows ascertained that the spoon in question had been stolen, with a variety of other articles, in May last, from the residence of Mr. Tebbutt, in York street; he thereupon gave Goulding to understand that he must find the person from whom he took the spoon in pledge, or be himself called upon to answer a charge of having in his possession property which he knew to be stolen. On Friday last, Goulding gave Louisa Ralph into the custody of Sergeant Guy, of the police force, as being the person who pledged the spoon in question. When she was brought before the bench, Goulding gave evidence to the effect that on the 1st June the prisoner went to his shop with a silver spoon, and asked for a loan of two shillings upon it, which he told his man to give her; she had been to his shop since then, but not to release the spoon; he had been looking for the prisoner since the day that Burrows told him that he had found an owner for the spoon. On cross-examination by the Mayor, this witness said that he had kept a pawnbroker's shop, but was now a general dealer; he had several times within the last 18 months lent the prisoner money on goods; he kept an entry of those transactions in a book for that purpose; he found in the book (produced) an entry dated June 1st of 2s., lent to Plumridge, and another entry on the 24th April; at other times, on previous dates, he lent her money on goods in the name of Ralph; having a knowledge of her in this way, he did not ask any questions as to the property of the spoon; he was never committed to take his trial for receiving stolen property; he was once committed by Mr. Josephson, but it was a mistake, and it was reversed the following day. The spoon having been identified by Mr. Tebbutt as his property, the prisoner was remanded until Monday. Inspector Burrows said that he knew the prisoner, and that her maiden name was not Plumridge; if Goulding had told him that the woman's name was Ralph who had pledged the spoon, he could have found her immediately. Mrs. Tebbutt identified the spoon produced as having been stolen from her residence in May last—how the robbery was effected she could not tell; she never saw the prisoner before; had no knowledge of her whatever. Michael Farrell, a labourer, in the employ of Goulding, deposed that he was present when the prisoner asked for 2s. on the spoon produced, which Goulding desired him to let her have; she did not give her Christian name, nor her place of abode, nor whether the spoon was her own property—no fresh questions were asked of her; she said she pledged in the name of Plumridge such things as she did not want her old man to know anything of; but other things she pledged in her own name; an account was kept of all property pledged, but until August last no account was kept of redeemed pledges. (Alderman Thurlow here remarked that his (the witness's) master's establishment seemed to be nothing better than a ready receptacle for stolen property.) Goulding was then recalled, and was desired by his Worship to point out the entries of the several transactions which, according to evidence on the previous examination, he had had with the prisoner under her proper name of Ralph. After turning over the book for a few minutes, Goulding expressed his apprehensions that he should detain their Worships a considerable time, extending as those transactions did over a period of nearly two years, a hint which, as it would not decide the present charge, their Worships very wisely took advantage of, and called upon the prisoner to say why she should not be committed. She briefly replied that she knew nothing whatever of the charge alleged against her; that she never pledged anything in the name of Plumridge, nor a silver spoon in any name whatever. Their Worships had no alternative, however, but to commit, and she was committed accordingly.

TICKETS-OF-LEAVE CANCELLED.—The following prisoners of the Crown have had their tickets-of-leave cancelled for the reasons stated against their respective names:—William Fryer, per Planter 1, for being absent from his district; Maitland Bench. Daniel Ridgely, per General Stewart, being unable to support himself; Principal Superintendent of Convicts' Bench. John Elwood, per Henry Porcher 2, being unable to support himself; Parramatta Bench. Charles Wootten, per John Barry 4, for being drunk and disorderly; Maitland Bench. William Rhodes, per Barossa, for being illegally at large; Goulburn Bench. John Marchant, per Hashemy, being unable to support himself; Grafton Bench. Robert Crawford, per John 4, for being absent from his district; Sydney Bench. Charles Lomax, per Eden, for being drunk and disorderly; Water Police Bench. Israel Levy, per Isabella, for larceny; Maitland Bench. Henry Grattan, per Marquis Huntley, for having used threatening language; Ipswich Bench.

SALE OF MR. KECK'S LIBRARY, GOLD SCALES, PAINTINGS, ENGRAVINGS.—Mr. Mort begs to direct the attention of the public to his sale this day, of Mr. Keck's library, also gold scales, and sundry other articles.—*Communicated.*

Mr. Lyons requests the attention of ship owners, sailing masters, and others, to his sale this day, at Duke's Wharf, at eleven o'clock, of the whole of the whaling gear, &c., of the barque Fame, as per advertisement.—*Communicated.*

We are requested to call the attention of the public to Mr. W. G. Moore's sale this morning, of the lease, bar fittings, and household furniture, of the Victoria Inn, opposite Cooper's Distillery, Parramatta-street.—*Communicated.*

NEWS FROM THE INTERIOR.

(From our own Correspondent.)

BATHURST.

CORONER'S INQUEST.—On Wednesday, 19th, one was held at the Bathurst Hotel, kept by Mrs. Black, on the body of a man named John Joseph Aitcheson, aged 38, who died suddenly about 4 P.M. the previous day. The deceased, who was in the employ of Mr. Lentz, cabinet-maker, had been sent by his master about two hours before his death to perform some little job of work at Mrs. Black's Inn, at that time apparently in good health; about an hour after he returned to his master's shop with the tools which he had been using, and which he was scarcely able to carry; he threw them down in the shop, complained of being stunned in the head, and said he was done. Mr. Lentz, perceiving that the man was very unwell, paid him every attention; he immediately sent for Dr. Machattie, who promptly attended; he bled the man, at the same time expressing his opinion that he thought his doing so would be of little avail, as the deceased had been visited with a fit of apoplexy, and had before similar attacks. This gentleman attended the inquest and held a *post mortem* examination, and certified that a large vein had burst near the brain, and that there was nearly a tea-cup full of blood or serous matter around the brain. Verdict—Died by the visitation of God.

THE WEATHER.—Fine for several days since our last report, until Thursday, 20th, when we had frequent slight showers. About 8 P.M. rain set in and continued to pour down in heavy torrents until midnight, and heavy showers at intervals during the remainder of the night. On the following morning the River Macquarie and Vale Creek rose several feet. On Sunday, the 23rd, cold winds, with frequent slight showers of rain.

ORIGINAL CORRESPONDENCE.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

GENTLEMEN,—You have, in to-day's number of your paper, afforded your readers, from the statistics furnished by Government, considerable proof of the healthiness of the colony as compared with England. If you have the means you will oblige some four or five, at least, of your subscribers by publishing a statement of the proportion of deaths occurring in Sydney as compared with the colony at large. It is rumoured that *three times as many deaths* have happened in Sydney within the last two years as in all the rest of the colony, Port Phillip included. If this be correct, then, indeed, as a colony, we are favoured; but on the other hand, it would prove that Sydney, whether from insufficient drainage or other causes, is a most unhealthy place.

I am, &c.,

Sydney, September 26. A CITIZEN.

To the Editors of the Sydney Morning Herald.

GENTLEMEN,—Your report of an inquest held at Mr. Frawley's, to inquire into the death of Richard Fox, in the receiving watch-house, appears to me calculated to convey an erroneous impression to the public, that the deceased received no medical attention.

He was visited by me at 12 o'clock on Saturday night, and twice upon the following day was supplied from my house with tea, &c., &c., and was provided with comfortable bedding in the watch-house.

Persons are frequently conveyed (for protection) thither, suffering from diseases in advanced stages, miserably destitute.

The Benevolent Asylum is stated to be so crowded as to be unable to receive them. To procure admission to the Infirmary application must be made to the Colonial Secretary, by which much time is lost, and death in the interim may ensue.

The Coroner in his charge to the Jury intimated his intention of representing to the proper authorities the necessity, in such extreme cases, of immediate removal to the Benevolent Asylum, or the Infirmary, as these institutions derive from the Government considerable pecuniary support.

By giving insertion to the above, you will oblige, gentlemen,

Your obedient servant,

JOHN G. RUTTER.

Kent and Druitt streets,
September 25.

GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 25, 1849.

IMPOUNDINGS.

CARCOAR.—September 16: Bullock, strawberry head, red sides, white back, belly, and tail, slit and small piece out of the centre off ear, MC off rump and thigh. Black heifer, half-penny mark top off ear, two brands off rump like 7 off thigh. Strawberry bullock, top off the near ear, piece out of the side off ear, SS and like 2 under off rump, JM off thigh. Red bullock, hoop horns, same brands and marks. Red poley cow, both ears marked, GK over ⊐ off rump and near ribs, brand near rump not legible. Yellow cow, slit both ears, GK over ⊐ off and near ribs and off rump, like WC near rump. Bull calf by her side, unbranded. Black steer, no brand visible. Yellow and white heifer calf, brand off rump not legible. Strawberry cow, aged, top of the off ear, JM or JK off rump, like a brand near rump and ribs not legible. Yellow and white yearling heifer, M off ribs. Brindle yearling steer, SM and like a brand under off rump. Brown sided heifer, M off rump. Dark brown steer, slit off ear, brand off rump not legible. Strawberry bull calf, unbranded. If not released they will be sold on the 15th October. C. SPINK. 14s. 6d.

RED POST HILL, FALBROOK.—September 17: White bullock, brown ears, hoop horns, branded near rump like EH over 7 or ED over 7, on ribs (JD. Red and white bullock, piece out of off ear under, if branded not legible, about five years old. Strawberry bullock, branded off rump like AL over 7 or ⅄L over 7, near and off ribs (JD. Red heifer, branded off rump (JH, thigh like S. Red and white spotted cow, branded near rump EC: damages 3d. each. If the above cattle are not released on or before the 13th October they will be sold. J. TULLOCH. 11s. 5d.

DAPTO.—September 19: Black and white bullock, branded TJ, aged; damages 2s. 3d. Red and white cow, branded JH and A with MK conjoined, aged. Three cows, branded A with MK conjoined aged. Steer, branded A with MK conjoined, one year old. Three steers, brands not legible, two years old. J. G. BRADFORD. 9s. 9d.

CARCOAR.—September 4: Chesnut horse, white streak down the face, and white muzzle, sore spot on the back, below the saddle, lump above the near knee, hair off the near knees, long mane, long switch tail, has been shod, but no shoes on, M over C near shoulder. Dark brown bullock, like HK off rump. Black and white heifer calf, no brand visible. Red bull, horned, top off the near ear, ⌐ over JJ near ribs, JJJ near rump; damages £1. Yellow and white heifer calf, strip off the side off ear, brand off rump not legible. Black heifer calf, MF off rump and thigh. Black heifer, stumpy tail, white back, belly, and face, MF off rump and thigh. Strawberry and brindle steer, no brand visible. Yellow and white poley cow, slit near ear, like JH conjoined off rump. Yellow and white heifer calf, like JB conjoined off rump. White poley steer, brown spots on head and neck, no brand visible. Red steer, white face and belly, swallow tail mark both ears, no brand visible. Red bullock, spot of white on face, rump, and top of shoulders, white belly, CT or GT off rump. Red bullock, white forehead, back, and belly, brush of tail white, no brand visible. Yellow poley cow, slit off ear, piece out of the near ear, like JH conjoined off rump. Brown heifer, calf by her side, no brand visible. White heifer, brown spots on head, neck, and legs, no brand visible. If not released, they will be sold on the 8th of October. C. SPINK. 16s. 9d.

PICTON.—From Abbotsford, September 19: Red working bullock, a piece off the off ear, brand on the off shoulder apparently like spur, an illegible brand on the near rump; damages 2s. 6d. Light brindle working bullock, large lump on the neck and near shoulder, no visible brand. Red bullock, face and back white, brand on the off hip apparently MH; damages 2s. 6d. each. If the above cattle are not released before the 19th October they will be sold. A. WAKLER. 10s. 3d.

GUNNING.—September 17: Dark iron grey horse, W neck, TW both shoulders, four years old; damages 3d. Grey mare, R with E over near shoulder, aged. Grey colt, apparently SC or E near shoulder, two years old. Chestnut horse, stripe down face, both hind feet white, S with G under near shoulder, three years old; damages 5s. each. If not released on or before the 12th October they will be sold. W. OLLIVER. 10s. 6d.

BLACK CREEK.—From Jacob's Paddock, September 21: Yellow and white cow, both ears marked, blotched brand on near ribs. Red and white heifer calf, like 48 near ribs. Red and white spotted heifer, no brand. Red and white poley cow, like ∞ with W under near rump. Mouse-coloured cow, J with ⅄ under near shoulder. Red steer, J with K under near shoulder. Yellow brindle cow, like KS off ribs, left horn broke; damages 3d. each. If not released in twenty-four days they will be sold. T. RAISBECK. 11s.

GUNDAROO.—From Geir, September 14: Dark brown mare, white spot on forehead, a little white on near fore fetlock, switch tail, six years old, branded JV near shoulder, Q off shoulder, with a dark brown filly foal, hind fetlocks white, blaze on forehead, twelve months old, no brand visible. Dark brown horse, PV conjoined near shoulder, B off shoulder, BR conjoined neck off side, a little white on back part of near hind fetlock, switch tail, saddle marked, aged. Light bay or chestnut gelding, blaze on forehead, near hind fetlock white, G under saddle off side, long tail, apparently two years old, damages 2s. per head. If not released they will be sold on the 15th October. J. WISHART. 11s. 3d.

SCONE.—From Cressfield, September 21: Yellow steer, off thigh DH, off shoulder X. Blue sided cow, near rump L over JA, off rump I, near shoulder like J, near side on neck A, white male calf by side. White poley cow, red head and neck, both rumps (JD, illegible brand near thigh. Brown cow, branded near rump MH & MW, white heifer calf by side; damages 3d. each. From St. Aubin's: Bay mare, long switch tail, off hind fetlock white, near shoulder S, off shoulder like ' over D, apparently a brand on neck near side not legible. Brindle and white spotted steer, illegible brand off rump; damages 3d each. By order of F. Little, Esq. J.P. Black steer, near rump JBR the JB is conjoined, on the near thigh R reversed. Brown and white spotted steer, off rump like MB or MR; damages 3d. each. If not released in twenty-four days they will be sold. J. CLARK. 13s. 3d.

WAGGA WAGGA.—From Tarcutta, September 21: Light chesnut horse, RS near shoulder, S under saddle near side, collar marked, six years old, fifteen and a half hands high; damages 1s. If the above horse is not released within twenty-four days it will be sold. E. H. SEFFINGS. 9s.

PITT TOWN.—From the Farm of Mr. C. May, at North Rocks, September 9: Bay mare, with black points, no brand legible, aged, about fourteen hands high, white saddle marks, and several white spots round the neck; damages 6d. If not claimed on or before the 13th October, she will be sold. W. THOMPSON. 9s. 3d.

BUNGONIA.—From Lake Bathurst, September 9: Strawberry cow, very short horns, ear marked, like 3 hip, apparently CPC or CRG ribs, milking side. Dark brindle cow, ear marked, apparently same brands, and an illegible brand on rump, milking side, springing. Blue sided steer, ear marked, ⅃ rump off side. Strawberry steer, HG rump off side, an indistinct brand on rump near side. Red steer, off ear clipped, white spot on forehead and back, white on belly and legs, no brand visible, apparently three years old. Red yearling steer, like J conjoined with RS rump off side, with 3 under. Red bull calf, indistinct brands on rump and thigh off side. If not claimed, to be sold on the 12th October. J. WHITE. 12s.

GOULBURN.—From the Estate of Mr. Kinghorne:—Brindled cow, white back and belly, branded on rump milking side WJ, on ribs 2 apparently, 4 years old. Red and white cow, branded on rump milking side RK with 2 under, on ribs JT, with red and white calf by her side, unbranded, 6 years old. Yellow steer, white on rump and tail, brand illegible, yearling. Black and white steer, branded on off side ribs MMC, 18 months old. Yellow cow, brand on the rump milking side, apparently MR, on thigh M, with brown male calf by her side, white back, unbranded, aged. Brindled and white steer, branded on the off rump apparently AC, 2 years old. Brindled poley cow, white back, branded on rump and thigh milking side apparently M, 6 years old, with brindled female calf by her side, unbranded. White steer, with dark spots on head and neck, illegible brand, 2 years old. Yellow female calf, white back, unbranded, 9 months old. Yellow steer, star in forehead, white on rump and tail, illegible brand, 2 years old. Red steer, white back and tail, branded on the off side ribs apparently LC, yearling; damages 3d. each. By Mr. Marsden: Black gelding, white face, both hind feet white, branded on the near shoulder apparently JT, 8 years old. By W. Hickworth: Chesnut draught gelding, flaxen mane, both hind legs white, blaze down the face, branded on the near shoulder apparently DP on off shoulder illegible, aged; damages 3d. From the estate of J. Chisholm, Esq.: Chesnut gelding, blaze down the face, flaxen mane, long flaxen tail, branded on the near shoulder apparently JT, 5 years old, 15 hands high. Black gelding, muzzle brown, long tail, branded on the near shoulder apparently IF, on the off shoulder JT with half circle over, on the mane off side like IF, long tail, 5 years old, 14 hands high. Bay mare, small star in forehead, long tail, branded on the off shoulder apparently PL, on the near shoulder P.S, 6 years old, 15 hands high; damages 2s. each. If they are not released within 24 days they will be sold. J. PASSMORE. £1.

INTERESTING SLAVE CASE.—At the recent session of the Cecil County (Maryland) Court, Eliza Bogle and her eight children petitioned for freedom. Eliza had lived and acted as a free woman for twenty-one years, without molestation by her former owners. The *Cecil Whig* gives an interesting outline of the case, from which we learn that the court decided, that as Eliza was admitted at one time to have been a slave, and there was no record of her being freed by any process known to the law, she was a slave until the time of her death, notwithstanding she was allowed to live away from her master. Various other minor points were raised by the counsel for the prisoner. The Jury retired about eight o'clock on Thursday night, and remained out until eleven o'clock on Friday morning, when they sent down a petition to the court praying to be released, as they could not possibly agree. About this time an arrangement was entered into by the counsel to the parties to this effect—that Eliza and her youngest child should be declared free, and that the others should be sold in the State, to be free at thirty-five years of age.—*New York Tribune.*

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1513246

THE REV. BAPTIST NOEL.
To the Bishop of London.

My Lord,—As a Dissenter from the doctrine and discipline of the Establishment, I have taken before a magistrate the oaths prescribed by 52 George 3; yesterday I preached for Mr. Binney at the Weigh-house chapel, and received the Lord's Supper with the members of that church; and I am ready to do any other proper and lawful act which your lordship may suggest by which I may publicly declare my dissent. I had intended to be silent for some time, but the progress of Mr. Bouverie's bill has changed my intention, because as that bill will doubtless pass through the House of Lords without material alterations, and I am unable to avail myself of it, I wish to ascertain as soon as possible, whether its effect will be to sentence me to imprisonment for preaching the gospel. Had the act simply declared that the seceding clergyman is deprived of all offices and emoluments within the Establishment, and incapable of them for the time to come, I should have thoroughly approved it. Had it further enacted that each seceder, upon a proof of his secession, should be deposed from the ministry, I might have thought that the legislature was intruding into matters beyond its competence, when it ordered bishops to depose ministers of Christ, and that this afforded new proof of the bondage of the Church to the State in spiritual things, but I should have submitted cheerfully to its enactments. But this bill makes me a party to my own deposition from the ministry. I am to certify to your lordship my avowal of dissent, upon which you are ordered to "depose me from holy orders," and then I am to be free from all pains and penalties. To avail myself of this act is to purchase exemption from legal penalities by consenting to my deposition from the ministry; it is to avow, not that I have ceased to be a minister of the establishment, but that I have ceased to be a minister of Christ. Were deposition from orders merely an act of exclusion from the body of an established clergy, I should willingly consent to it; but as it is an act which declares me to be no longer a minister of Christ, I cannot do so; because, with every wish to pay due respect to the legislature, I cannot purchase exemption from any penalties by a lie.

When I was ordained, I was required to declare my belief that I was "inwardly moved by the Holy Ghost to take upon me this office and ministration," and that I was "called according to the will of our Lord Jesus Christ to the ministry of the Church." Those who lightly enact the deposition of a minister may think that this declaration is a farce; but in my case, at least, it was a solemn declaration of the truth. That call of Christ, determined by the influence of the Holy Spirit in the heart, with other suitable qualifications, seems to me the substance of ordination; and the recognition of this call by a bishop is one among several modes in which the call of the Church is added to the call of God. As I believed then I believe now, that I have been called to the ministry by Christ, and no prelate, Church, or Parliament, can either exonerate me from the obligations of the ministry, or deprive me of its privileges; and if I should say, as this bill invites me, that I have ceased to be an ordained minister of Christ, I should lie.

Although I attach no especial value to episcopal ordination, yet it is valid; and I can no more be a layman, than a Presbyterian or Congregational minister is so. Whatever, therefore, Parliament may enact, I can neither cease to be a minister, nor cease to preach; and, if the law requires it, I would rather suffer any length of imprisonment for preaching the gospel than purchase an exemption from trouble, by either declaring that I am no minister, or by ceasing to preach.

I shall take the liberty of sending this letter to two or three newspapers, because I wish the character of the "relief" afforded to seceding clergymen," by the bill now passing through Parliament, to be known.

I remain, my dear Lord,
Your Lordship's faithful servant,
BAPTIST W. NOEL.

Hornsey, May 7, 1849.

DIED.

On the 26th instant, at his grandfather's residence, Macquarie-street, Parramatta, Robert Charles David Nairn, aged three years and three months, son of Mr. Nairn.

At Howard, Hexham, on the 24th instant, of influenza, Arthur Champain, infant son of Charles H. Horsley, Esq.

At Glenmorison, New England, on the 2nd September, aged 23 years, Mary Ann Smith, the beloved wife of Charles W. M. S. Morison, Esq. Her Christian and truly amiable disposition endeared her to her relatives and friends, who will long sincerely mourn over her early grave.

At Cooma, on the 5th September, of influenza, Helen, the youngest daughter of Kinnear Robertson, Esq.

REAL HOBART TOWN POTATOES,

NOW LANDING, in beautiful condition, and on sale at the Stores of the undersigned. Also, best oaten hay at 4s. 6d. per cwt., in any quantities; good table rice, 1d. per lb. by the bag of 130 lbs.; real Scotch oatmeal at 4d. per lb. W. Brady, opposite the *Herald* Office. 5274

ON SALE at the Stores of the undersigned—
To close consignments, at reduced prices,
DRAUGHT ALE, warranted sound.
ABRAM BRIERLEY.
Sussex-street.
August 25. 3258

VERY VALUABLE STATIONS ON THE UPPER HUME RIVER,
WITH ABOUT 2000 CATTLE, 1000 SHEEP UNDER 5 YEARS OLD, 6 STOCK HORSES, &c.
FOR SALE BY PRIVATE CONTRACT.

THESE Stations are of first selection, are called Tintildra, Jeremal River, and Gravel's Stations. They adjoin each other, and are bounded by the Murray or Hume River, the Jeremal River, and Guise's and Hay and Chalmer's Stations. On Tintildra is a stockyard capable of holding 4000 cattle; on Jeremal River is a good four-roomed cottage, three cultivation paddocks, barn, men's huts, &c., and on the Gravel's is a stockman's hut and a good stockyard.

For further particulars apply to Mr. Shelley, Tumut River; Mr. Laughlan, Melbourne; or Mr. Kitson, Attorney, &c., Goulburn.
Goulburn, September 20. 4996

VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

THE estate of Mundoonan, containing nearly 9000 acres, at Yass Plains
960 acres, on the Fish River, near Gunning
Two suburban allotments at Goulburn, 20 acres each
400 acres at Bringelly, County of Cumberland
70 acres within one mile of Parramatta.
For particulars apply to
Mr. KITSON,
Attorney, &c., Goulburn.
Goulburn, August 31. 3805

JAMES M. BANKHEAD alias RICHARD PETERS.

THE above-named person will be provided with a passage to the United States upon application within fifteen days from the date hereof, at the office of
S. WILKINSON, Jun.,
Macquarie-place.
September 25. 5151

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION.
IN THE GOODS OF THOMAS HEMMING LATE OF HUNTER-STREET SYDNEY GROCER DECEASED INTESTATE.

TAKE NOTICE, that after the expiration of fourteen days from the publication hereof an application will be made to the Supreme Court of New South Wales by Maria Jane Hemming the widow of the above named Thomas Hemming that administration of his goods chattels and effects may be granted to her.

Dated this twenty-seventh day of September A.D. 1849.
LITTLE AND YEOMANS,
Proctors for the said
Maria Jane Hemming,
No. 126, King-street, Sydney. 5254

TALLOW.

TALLOW of all descriptions bought by the undersigned, at the highest market price.
Payment—*Cash on delivery.*
WM. B. ALLEN,
2794 Sussex-street.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
ECCLESIASTICAL JURISDICTION.
In the Will of Charles James Ward late of Sydney in the colony of New South Wales Gentleman deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given, that after the expiration of fourteen days from the publication hereof application will be made to the Supreme Court of New South Wales in its Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction that probate of the last will and testament of Charles James Ward late of Sydney Gentleman deceased be granted to Georgiana Ward his widow the executrix in the said will named.

Dated this twenty-fifth day of September A.D. 1849.
THURLOW AND GRANT,
Proctors for the said Georgiana Ward,
5261 308, Pitt-street, Sydney.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the partnership hitherto existing between us, the undersigned, Joseph Bull and John James Woodward, of Goulburn, under the style and firm of Bull and Woodward, has been dissolved by mutual consent; and all debts due by or to the late firm, will be discharged and received by Joseph Bull.

Dated at Goulburn, this 21st day of September, 1849.
JOSEPH BULL
JOHN JAMES WOODWARD.
Witness—
Edward B. Kitson,
Attorney, &c.
Charles Hamilton Walsh,
Solicitor. 5180

PASSENGERS per the Duke of Roxburgh are requested to forward their luggage for embarkation, and pay up the balance of passage money on or before Saturday next, the 29th instant. Apply to J. B. Metcalfe, or R. Towns.
Wharf, September 25. 5214

SHIP KATE.

CONSIGNEES by the above vessel are requested to pass entries for Campbell's Wharf.
SWAIN, WEBBS, AND CO.
Sydney, September 24.

N.B.—Captain Broderick hereby gives notice that he will not be responsible for any debts contracted by his crew. 5129

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Consignees of Goods, per Seringapatam, Lovell, Master, from London, are requested to pass their entries without delay.
This vessel will discharge at Moore's Wharf.
DONALDSON AND CO.,
5252 Agents.

SHIP PANAMA.

ALL accounts against this vessel must be rendered *in duplicate* by noon *tomorrow*, Friday, to
GILCHRIST AND ALEXANDER,
700, George-street.
September 27. 5272

MUSWELLBROOK.

ALL persons having any claims against the undersigned are requested to forward them to him with particulars for immediate liquidation.
PIERCE HEGARTY.
Muswellbrook, September 22 5249

BARQUE LALLA ROOKH.
W. H. P. Hains, Master.

REQUIRED, the further sum of Eight to Ten Hundred Pounds, on the Bottomry and Hypothecation of the above vessel and her freight. Tenders to be addressed to the said master, on board, on or before Saturday next, the 29th instant, at noon.
Sydney, September 26. 5267

£4000 WANTED ON MORTGAGE.

THE sum of £4,000 is required on land within three miles of Melbourne, of unquestionable value, as security for that sum. The property is highly improved. Satisfactory interest will be given, payable quarterly if required. The proprietor is of undoubted respectability, and derives his title from the Crown.
Apply to Messrs. Carr and Owen, Solicitors, Sydney. 5024

COMPOSITORS.—One superior full hand, and two efficient supernumerary hands, are required immediately at this Office. Apply between nine and ten this morning.

WANTED, a working overseer: one who has been accustomed to sheep and cattle will be preferred. Apply, if by letter, post-paid, to Mr. Isaac Shepherd, Kissing Point. 5121

WANTED, a steady respectable Girl, to attend to two children. None need apply whose character will not bear strict enquiry. Mrs. Arthur Gravely, 330, Pitt-street. 5293

WANTED, two Female Servants. Apply to Mrs. Small, Burns' Tavern, Corner of Sussex and Bathurst streets. 5217

WANTED, Married Couples, Female Servants, Girls, &c.

☞ Private Families and others favouring the Undersigned with their orders for servants, may rely upon being supplied with really respectable and competent persons.

A public-house to let; a publican's license for sale; a small house for sale; cottages to let.

N.B.—Houses let for persons at one per cent. on the yearly rent when let.
H. F. BRIMMER,
Servants' Registry Office, opposite the Royal Hotel, George-street, Sydney.
☞ Office open from 9 till 5. 5275

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

WHEREAS on Sunday evening, between the hours of six and seven, the premises of the undersigned were burglariously entered, and the following articles, with many others, stolen therefrom. The above reward will be paid to any person who may give such information as shall lead to the recovery of the property, and the prosecution to conviction of the robbers.
6 Gold pencil cases
8 Gold brooches
1 Lady's gold chain
½ Dozen press gold pins
24 Silver pencil cases
3 Ditto watches
4 Ditto soup ladles, crest, a lamb
2 Ditto table spoons
2 Ditto ditto shell pattern
The fittings of a dressing case
Various linens marked T. W. Ch. K. and T. Petty
One pair black trousers
One blue cloth cloak, faun collar
Twenty-five pounds sterling in notes and silver
Several promissory notes, none of them endorsed, and payment thereof stopped
One tortoiseshell companion
One silver fruit knife
KERN AND MADER,
Booksellers, Stationers, &c.,
No. 7, Hunter-street, Sydney.
September 24. 5132

ONE POUND REWARD.

LOST, on Tuesday Evening, about eight o'clock, P.M., a package of English Letters, addressed to His Honor Mr. Justice Manning, at the Hunter River Wharf. Any one finding the same, and leaving them with Mr. Carter, at the Supreme Court, King-street, will receive the above reward. 5276

TWENTY POUNDS REWARD

WHEREAS the house of the undersigned was burglariously entered on the night of the 26th August ultimo, and the undermentioned articles stolen, and it is supposed that three persons at least and a boy were concerned in the robbery, one of whom has been caught. This is to give notice that the above reward will be paid on the apprehension and conviction of the remaining thieves.
A gold brooch, set with several amethysts, and a pearl centre
A gold brooch, set with an oval topaz stone
A long gold pin, with large rose diamond bead
Gentleman's gold watch, large thick white face, maker's name, Barraud, written on the face, No. 7018
Gold curb chain
One large cornelian seal
One small seal, with crest, and R.J.W. initials
One ring, set with pearls.

In addition to the above Reward for the *apprehension* of the thieves, (£5) Five Pounds will be paid for the *recovery* of the watch, and other articles.
5077 R. J. WANT.

LOST, a small brown Terrier Pup, four months old, answering to the name of Smut—strayed away from the barque Duke of Roxburgh on Saturday evening. Whoever will bring the same back to the ship will receive the sum of 10s.
5139 G. P. COLLARD.

TO LET, an Office, on the second floor of the House, 308, Pitt-street. Apply to
4722 THURLOW AND GRANT.

HOUSE TO LET,
IN BRISBANE-STREET, SOUTH HEAD ROAD,

AT present occupied by Mrs. Macdermott. Rent £40 per annum. Possession can be had after the 18th October next. Apply to
MR. SAMUEL LYONS
4887 George-street and Charlotte-place.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

TO LET.—The Cottage in Hunter-street, adjoining the residence of the Attorney-General, will be Let by Auction, on the 1st October next, on a repairing lease, for fourteen years. Further particulars may be known upon application to Mr. H. K. James; or to
5171 T. S. MORT.

TO LET,

THE COTTAGE, with coach-house, stabling, and grounds, at the Glebe, lately in the occupation of R. J. Want, Esq.
A House containing six rooms, kitchen, &c., with back entrance, in Elizabeth-street North.
Apply to Mr. Wallis, builder, &c., Elizabeth-street North.
September 25. 5288

SALES BY AUCTION.

POSITIVE UNRESERVED SALE, AND A FAMOUS OPPORTUNITY FOR ANY PERSON WISHING TO ENTER INTO THE PUBLICAN LINE OF BUSINESS.

MR. W. G. MOORE

HAS received instructions from the Proprietor to sell, on the premises known as the Victoria Inn, Parramatta-street, facing Cooper's Distillery,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27,
At 11 o'clock,
The lease, license, bar fittings, casks, and fixtures of the
VICTORIA INN.
Also,
The whole of the household furniture, comprising almost every requisite for furnishing a comfortable home.
After which,
New stone truck
Water cart
Horse
And,
A great variety of sundry goods in the yard.
Terms at sale.
The landlord will be on the premises to give further particulars to persons wishing to treat for the lease. 5241

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PAINTINGS, ENGRAVINGS.

MR. GEORGE PICKERING will sell by auction, on the Premises, Pitt-street, next door to the Cottage of Content,
THIS DAY,
At 11 o'clock,
The whole of the Household Furniture, comprising—
Tables, chairs, beds and bedsteads, chests of drawers, chimney glass, toilet glasses, sofas, carpets, oil cloth, rugs, decanters, glasses, crockery, hats, pans, &c.
Terms—Cash. 5284

DRAPERS' RACES.
IN CONSEQUENCE OF THESE RACES COMING OFF ON FRIDAY NEXT,

MR. ARMSTRONG will hold his Weekly Sale of Horses
THIS DAY,
At 12 o'clock,
NAZEER FAREEB, a pure Arabian Stallion of the highest caste, sent to this colony from Calcutta by Judge Berry, H.E.I.C.S., to improve his Stud. This horse is a sure foal getter—his stock much admired.
AFTER WHICH,
Some good saddle and harness horses, fit for THE RACES. 5291

MONDAY'S SALE.
At 11 o'clock.

TO WOOLSORTERS AND FELLMONGERS.

TALLOW AND SHEEPSKINS, FOR SALE.

MR. STUBBS will sell by public auction, on
MONDAY NEXT, OCTOBER 1,
At the Mart, King-street,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
Lot 1. 1600 heavy skins
Lot 2. 700 very superior ditto
7 casks town tallow
Terms, cash. 5277

TO CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

VAN DIEMEN'S LAND TIMBER.

MR. CHARLES NEWTON
Will sell by auction,
AT MOORE'S WHARF,
ON TUESDAY NEXT, OCTOBER 2,
At 12 o'clock,

THE undermentioned superior lot of TIMBER, just landing, ex Sophia, from Hobart Town:—

No.		Breadth or depth.		Length.	
60	Joists	7 x 3	Inches	12	feet
2	"	6 x 3	"	18	"
185	"	6 x 3	"	16	"
275	"	6 x 3	"	15	"
280	"	6 x 3	"	14	"
15	"	6 x 3	"	13	"
91	"	6 x 3	"	12	"
7	"	6 x 3	"	10	"
8	"	5 x 3	"	16	"
18	"	5 x 3	"	14	"
24	"	5 x 3	"	12	"
6	"	5 x 3	"	10	"
25	"	4 x 4	"	12	"
1	Quartering	4 x 3	"	18	"
177	"	4 x 3	"	16	"
120	"	4 x 3	"	15	"
125	"	4 x 3	"	14	"
98	"	4 x 3	"	12	"
310	"	4 x 3	"	10	"
37	"	4 x 3	"	8	"
1594	Battens			12	"
92	Boards			12	"
193	"	½ inch		15	"
308	"		"	12	"

Total quantity 43,000 feet.

The above will be found well worthy the attention of carpenters, builders, &c.
Terms at sale. 5206

VALUABLE OIL PAINTINGS,
ELEGANTLY FRAMED, AND THE PRODUCTION OF SOME OF THE BEST ANCIENT AND MODERN MASTERS.
NOW LANDING EX GANGES.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD

HAS been favoured by the Importers with instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street, on
FRIDAY NEXT, SEPTEMBER 28,
At eleven o'clock precisely,
GT in diamond—5 Cases, containing a beautiful collection of rare Oil Paintings, the works of some of the best ancient and modern masters
Amongst them may be named—
Dutch Vessels, in a gale .. By Larry
Shipping .... Walters
Vulcan presenting Armour A. Copel
Danae and the Shower of Gold .... A. Copel
Shipping in a Storm ...... Vanderville
Landscape .... Ibbetson
Isle of Barbadoes .... Sir Joshua Reynolds
Landscape — Wilsbridge, Gloucestershire .... Pearsall
Vision of St. John, Isle of Patmos .... Pominchini
Sun Rising .... Artet
Bay of Naples .... Hande
Christ Calling his Disciples
David and Goliath
Female Portrait .... Sir Joshua Reynolds
Nell Gwyne .... Sir Peter Lely
Landscape Mythology ...
Views on the Cornish Coast .... W. Woods
With many others of an equally good character.
The whole will be on view this afternoon.
Terms at sale. 5149

FINE MAURITIUS SUGARS. RUM, VINEGAR,

NOW LANDING,
EX "SOPHIA," CAPTAIN KORFF, FROM THE MAURITIUS.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD
Has received instructions to sell by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street,
ON MONDAY NEXT, OCTOBER 1,
At eleven o'clock,
EF & Co., WD under—
311 BAGS fine bright grain MAURITIUS SUGAR
B—150 Bags fine quality Mauritius Sugar
25 Hogsheads Rum
12 Quarter casks Vinegar
Terms at sale. 0521

UNAVOIDABLY POSTPONED TO WEDNESDAY NEXT,
ON ACCOUNT OF THE PLANS NOT BEING READY.

CAMDENVILLE.

THAT BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE ON the NEWTON ROAD, with extensive Outbuildings, Spacious Gardens, and Pleasure Grounds, formerly the *Seat of Robert Bourne, Esquire*, and now in the occupation of *Joseph S. Hanson, Esq.*

☞ Several applications having been made for the disposal of this property by private contract, the proprietor has come to the determination of submitting it for unreserved sale by public competition, thereby affording to intending purchasers the most favourable means of obtaining it;—and in calling public attention to the sale, the Auctioneer would beg particularly to impress upon their notice the important fact of *how rare a thing it is* that property of this description is ever brought to the hammer, such an opportunity as this is therefore of peculiar importance.

HOUSES IN CUMBERLAND-STREET NORTH.
TWO COTTAGES IN GLOUCESTER-STREET NORTH.
THREE BUILDING ALLOTMENTS, PADDINGTON.
THREE HUNDRED ACRE FARM, AT BLACK CREEK.

MR. GEORGE A. LLOYD

HAS been favoured with instructions to submit the above-named valuable properties for unreserved sale by auction, at the City Mart, 474, George-street,
ON WEDNESDAY NEXT, OCTOBER 3,
At 12 o'clock precisely.

In submitting these properties to the notice of the public, the auctioneer considers that no comment or recommendation is needed at his hands. For where they are so well known, and so easy of examination, as in this instance, no course can be so satisfactory as a personal inspection, which is now therefore earnestly solicited from every one disposed to purchase. An explanatory description of each property is therefore alone subjoined.

The beautiful villa residence of Camdenville is situated on the western side of the New Town Road, about a mile beyond the Toll Bar, in the immediate vicinity of the seats of W. Fanning, Esq., R. M. Robey, Esq., J. F. Josephson, Esq., J. Wilford, Esq., Felix Wilson, Esq., Mrs. Reibey, and many other influential persons. The house is a handsome specimen of the modern style of villa architecture, no expense was spared in the erection to render it equally elegant as commodious, which, with the beauty of the site on which it stands, renders it without exception, one of the prettiest places in the neighbourhood of Sydney. The building is surrounded on three sides by a wide verandah, and contains on the ground floor—spacious entrance hall, dining room 18 x 20, parlour 16 x 18, breakfast room, bed room, store room, butler's pantry. First Floor—spacious vestibule, drawing room 20 x 22, library, and three large bed rooms; on the basement, kitchens, wash-house, and three cellars. The outbuildings comprise — stables, coach-house, gardener's house, with four rooms, &c.

The grounds in front are tastefully laid out as lawn and flower garden, and at the rear are large kitchen garden, vineyard, and paddock. The land comprises about eleven acres, the half of which only being occupied by the house and grounds, affords to any purchaser so inclined, an opportunity of selling the spare land in allotments, which being so much in demand out there, would undoubtedly go far towards paying off the entire purchase money, its position giving it a most unusual extent of frontage.

THE PROPERTY IN CUMBERLAND AND GLOUCESTER STREETS is described in deeds as—"All that parcel of land, containing 13 perches, parish of St. Philip; allotment No. 1 of section 87, bounded on the west by Cumberland street 70 links, on the south by lot No. 11, 127 links, on the east by Gloucester-street 70 links, and on the north by allotment nine, 137 links."

Upon the frontage to Cumberland-street is erected a very good brick house, of four rooms, now let at nine shillings per week; adjoining which is a sufficient space for the erection of one or two more houses, at present used as a yard and garden.

Upon the frontage to Gloucester-street are erected two small cottages, let at 6s. per week each.

The situation of this property is extremely good, being close to Cumberland-place. The houses are always tenanted; and at a very small expense the rent roll would be capable of much improvement.

THE ALLOTMENTS AT PADDINGTON are beautifully situated, at the corner of the Point Piper and South Head Roads, and command some of the finest views in that delightful neighbourhood. As a site for a private residence the position is admirable.

THE FARM consists of 360 acres of rich land, on the banks of Black Creek, Hunter River, adjoining the estates of Messrs. Coulson and Duguid, and was selected many years since by a resident as one of the choicest spots in that district; it can therefore be strongly recommended to any one in want of property of that description.

The titles to all the properties are first-rate, and every information relative to them can be obtained from the auctioneer.
Terms—Liberal. 4519

BACON AND HAMS.

MR. R. FAWCETT will sell by auction, at his Commercial Rooms,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27,
At 11 o'clock precisely.
59 sides Bacon
79 Hams and Cheeks
Terms, cash. 5287

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27.

WHALING GEAR OF THE BARQUE FAME.

TO WHALERS, SHIPOWNERS, COOPERS, BLACKSMITHS, COPPERSMITHS, AND PARTIES CONNECTED WITH BOILING DOWN ESTABLISHMENTS.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at Duke's Wharf, Darling Harbour,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27,
At 11 o'clock precisely.
In consequence of the barque Fame being about to proceed to California, the whole of her whaling gear, &c., will be disposed of, consisting of—
About 80 tuns casks, coopered, and ready for immediate use
A quantity of shooks
Staves, old casks, beef tierces
Harpoons, Lances, Whale spades } By Mortimer, Scorer, Tanner, Ayers, Thomas, Talbot, and other first-rate makers.
2 try-pots, 2 spare ditto, 3 copper coolers, Copper skimmers, Ladles } Suitable for boiling down purposes.
Gaffs, pews
Spare chains, Fluke chains } Suitable for small craft
A quantity of spare blocks, heaving down and cutting-in blocks and falls
Europe rope
Europe and Manila whale lines
A quantity of junk, half worn rope, and coir rope
Swivel guns (bored out of the solid, and lathe turned.) Long traverse gun, with carriage and fittings. These guns were made by Bailey and Peg.
Trywork knees and bars
Copper oil and spirit pumps
A quantity of coopers' tools
And an immense quantity of other articles too numerous to mention.
Catalogues will be ready previous to the sale.
Terms at sale. 4878

STORE AND WHARF CRANES; STEARINE, PAPER, AND WOOL PRESSES; AND 60 cwt. SHEET ANCHOR.
AT DUKE'S WHARF, MILLER'S POINT,

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, along with the Whaling Gear of the Fame,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27,
A new and exceedingly powerful Store Crane and Winch, constructed on the most approved principle; also an excellent Wharf Crane, an Iron Wool Press, a Stearine Paper Press of great power, and a small Paper Press.
Also,
A 60 cwt. anchor, well adapted for mooring anchor at Moreton or Portland Bays, or a sheet anchor for a large ship.
A large mooring buoy, well suited for above purpose. 5179

MONDAY, OCTOBER 1.

TO GROCERS, CHEMISTS, CONFECTIONERS, AND OTHERS.

PEARL BARLEY, ISINGLASS, SEVILLE ORANGE PEEL, CANDIED FRUITS, LIQUORICE, VOLATILE SALTS, &c., &c.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Mart,
ON MONDAY, OCTOBER 1,
At eleven o'clock precisely,
20 Bags pearl barley, two hundred each
1 Package 7 lbs. fine cut Russian isinglass
1 Ditto 7 lbs ditto handpicked ditto
1 Ditto 7lbs. Seville orange peel
3 Boxes candied fruits
8 Tins refined liquorice
3 Tins crystalised pine apples
1 Chest liquorice
6 Jars volatile salts
12 Cases mixed confectionary.
Terms at sale. 5202

MONDAY, OCTOBER 1.

OFFICE CLOCKS, TIMEPIECES, SORBY'S AND WILKINSON'S PATENT SHEEPSHEARS, CUTLERY, SADDLES, BRIDLES, CONFECTIONARY, LIME JUICE, SAGO, MUSTARD, CROSS-CUT SAWS, BREAD BAGGING, &c.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Mart,
ON MONDAY, OCTOBER 1,
At eleven o'clock precisely,
9 Office clocks
14 Timepieces with shades
14 Ditto ditto
14 Sets Waterloo balance handle knives and forks, 50 pieces
4 Dozen Sorby's patent sheepshears
12 Dozen Wilkinson's ditto ditto
12 Dozen two-blade stag pocket knives
3 Dozen hair oil
32 Dozen spectacles, assorted
58 Dozen spectacle cases
10 Jars lime juice
3 Tins and two casks sago
2 Jars mustard
1 Bale bread bagging
12 Stuffed and plain flap saddles
7 Dozen bridles
12 Cases mixed confectionary
5 Tins refined juice
3 Tins crystallised pine apples
8 Cross-cut saws from 6 to 7 feet long
Terms at sale. 5148

MONDAY, OCTOBER 1.

UNIQUE COLLECTION OF SHELLS AND FOSSILS.

A SUITABLE PRESENT FOR FRIENDS IN ENGLAND.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS will sell by auction, at his Mart,
ON MONDAY, OCTOBER 1,
At eleven o'clock precisely,
A large cabinet of insects, containing about 2400 specimens
Small ditto ditto, containing about 1330 specimens
Six trays shells, New Zealand and Australian, containing about seventy pairs in each.
Four trays of fossils from Middle Island, New Zealand.
Terms at sale. 5201

MONDAY, OCTOBER 1.

SURPLUS EMIGRANT STORES.
JUST LANDED.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS
Will sell by auction, at his Mart, on
MONDAY, OCTOBER 1,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
THE FOLLOWING SURPLUS STORES
64 BAGS BREAD
2 Casks and 3 tins sago
10 Jars lime juice
18 Bottles disinfecting fluid
Durham mustard
Sugar, rice, and suet
Mops, deck scrubbers, cabin lamps, coffee roaster.
Terms—Cash. 5262

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 3.

TO GROCERS, COUNTRY SETTLERS, STOREKEEPERS, AND OTHERS.

FINE DRY RATION SUGAR.

MR. SAMUEL LYONS
Will sell by auction, at his Mart,
ON WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 3,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
1165 BAGS fine dry RATION SUGAR, about 1 cwt. each.
IN LOTS TO SUIT PURCHASERS.
Terms at sale. 5247

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
Brass taps and cocks
Tea kettles and saucepans
Hair sieves and mats
Carving knives and forks
Snuff boxes
Clothes and hair brushes
Brass cocks
Portable lamps
Bright steel and japanned brass spurs, swan neck
Mosaic gold centres—pearl and enamelled
Mosaic gold pencil cases
Gold plated gent.'s signet rings
Ditto ditto seals, cornelian stones
Eye glasses, watch keys, &c.
Terms at sale. 5235

HOBART TOWN APPLES, LEMONS, AND ONIONS.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 470, George-street,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
12 cases Hobart Town apples
14 ditto Lisbon lemons
16 bags onions.
Terms at sale. 5290

TO STOREKEEPERS, DEALERS, SHIPPERS, AND OTHERS.

23 CRATES AND 11 CASKS OF JAMES GREEN'S SUPERIOR EARTHENWARE AND CHINA.
JUST LANDED, EX GANGES.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 490, George-street,
ON MONDAY NEXT, OCTOBER 1,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
The following excellent assortment, comprising—
Four crates dinner, pie, and cheese plates, flowing blue, mulberry, Hindostan, Chinese, and scroll
One crate dishes to match, 12 and 18 inch
One crate cover dishes, ditto, 10 inch
Five crates flowing blue chamber services, complete
Four crates breakfast cups and saucers, flowing blue, Chinese, and Bohemian
Two crates sugars, butters, creams, and plates to match
Three crates flowing blue jugs, in sets
Two casks breakfast cups and saucers, basins, and plates, all French shape, plain drab
Two casks breakfast ditto, ditto, Chinese princes, silver, gold edge and line
Four casks dinner, pie, and cheese plates, willow
Two ditto dishes to match, 10 to 18 inches
Two ditto cover dishes, 10 inches
Terms at sale. 5236

THURSDAY'S PRODUCE SALE.

WOOL, TALLOW, HIDES, SHEEPSKINS.

MR. MORT
Will sell by public auction, at his Stores,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27,
At 11 o'clock,
45 CASKS TALLOW
120 Paunches Mutton Tallow
3916 Sheepskins
110 Hides
23 Bales Wool.
Terms at sale. 5280

SACKS, WOOLPACKS.

ON ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
More or Less Damaged by Sea Water.
EX ALBION.

MR. MORT
Will sell by public auction, at his Stores,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27,
At eleven o'clock,
S in diamond, 18-20.
205 SACKS, much damaged
500 Ditto slightly ditto.
S in diamond, 16-7.
80 Woolpacks, 9½ lb., damaged
90 Ditto ditto, slightly ditto
Terms—Cash. 5227

SEVENTEEN CASKS BLACK AND HUMPBACK OIL.

EX "COLUMBINE," FROM TWOFOLD BAY.

MR. MORT
Will sell by public auction, at his Stores,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27,
At 11 o'clock,
17 CASKS superior black and hump black oil.
Terms cash. 5281

GOLD SCALES FOR CALIFORNIA.

MR. MORT,
Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27.
At eleven o'clock.
THIRTY GOLD SCALES, beautifully finished with troy weights complete.
Terms at Sale. 5228

WHITE HERRINGS, PORK, EPSOM SALTS, CHEESE.

MR. MORT
Will sell by public auction, at his Stores,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27,
At eleven o'clock,
6 CASKS WHITE HERRINGS
1 ditto Pork
5 ditto Epsom Salts
7 Cheeses
Terms—Cash. 5226

VALUABLE AND ELEGANTLY BOUND WORKS,
THE LIBRARY OF MR. HENRY KECK.

MR. MORT
Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27,
At half-past eleven o'clock.

THE WHOLE OF MR. KECK'S WELL-SELECTED LIBRARY of elegantly bound and Illustrated Works: Comprising,—History of England, Old St. Paul's, Martin Chuzzlewit, Knight of Gwynne, The Commissioner, Gaberlunzie's Wallet, Book of Gems, Cruikshank's Table Book, Literary World, Nicholas Nickleby, Sterne's Works, Sketches by Boz, Marryatt's Works, Raby Rattler, Combe Abbey, Seymour's Humorous Sketches, Heath's Picturesque Annual, Asmodeus, The Wandering Jew, Humphrey's Clock, Chambers' Journal, Mysteries of Paris, Life of Scott, Robinson Crusoe, Gil Blas, Smollett's Works, Tom Cringle's Log, Burns's Works, Scott's Napoleon, Ten Thousand a Year, Decameron, The Waverley Novels, Moore's Works, Bulwer's Novels, Hudibras, Life of Napoleon.

SCRAP AND DRAWING ROOM TABLE BOOKS, Byron's Works, The O'Donohoe, by Lever, Dombey and Son, Hector O'Halloran, Roscoe's South Wales, Hogarth Moralized, Count of Monte Christo, Comic Annual, Arthur O'Leary, Dublin Penny Journal, PUNCH, 13 vols., The Athenæum, Evenings at Haddon Hall, Don Quixote, Poor Jack, Miser's Daughter, Arabian Nights, Parlour Library, and a variety of Illustrated and other Works, elegantly bound.
Terms—Cash. 5164

CHOICE PAINTINGS AND ENGRAVINGS.

MR. MORT
Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27,
At half-past eleven o'clock,
A VARIETY OF VALUABLE PAINTINGS AND ENGRAVINGS, comprising "Thimble-rigs," by H. R. Smith; the "Blind Man at the Post Office" by ditto; "Expectation"; "Passiflora"; "Mother and Child"; "Death of Kennedy," &c., &c., by W. Nicholas; and a variety of choice engravings framed.
Terms—Cash. 5169

PARLIAMENTARY LIBRARY.

MR. MORT
Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms,
THIS DAY, SEPTEMBER 27,
At half-past 11 o'clock,
MIRROR OF PARLIAMENT — HANSARD'S PARLIAMENTARY DEBATES, 55 volumes
Votes and Proceedings of the Legislative Council of New South Wales, 9 volumes.
Terms, cash. [illegible]

BOOKS.

IN THE INTESTATE ESTATE OF JOHN BOYLAN.

MR. MORT
Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms,
THIS DAY, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27,
At half-past 11 o'clock,
THE Stock in trade of Books of the abovenamed estate
Terms—Cash. [illegible]

TWO HUNDRED AND TWENTY-NINE TRUSSES HAY,

NOW LANDING FROM VAN DIEMEN'S LAND, AT THE WHARF OF ROBERT TOWNS, ESQ.

MR. MORT
Will sell by public auction, at the WHARF OF ROBERT TOWNS, Esq., DARLING HARBOUR,
THIS (THURSDAY) AFTERNOON, SEPTEMBER 27,
At three o'clock precisely.
229 TRUSSES pressed Van Diemen's Land Hay.
Terms at sale.

☞ As this lot will positively be sold, and in lots to suit purchasers, the sale is especially worthy of the attention of dealers, coach proprietors, private families, and others. 5167

TIN PLATES. SLIGHTLY DAMAGED.

MR. MORT
Will sell by public auction, at his Rooms,
ON MONDAY, OCTOBER 1,
At 11 o'clock precisely,
22 BOXES TIN PLATES—
Namely,
5 boxes, 1C
15 ditto, 1X
2 ditto 1XX
Terms at sale. [illegible]

FOURTEEN YEARS' LEASE OF COTTAGE IN HUNTER-STREET.

BY ORDER OF THE TRUSTEES OF THE ESTATE OF THE LATE THOMAS MOORE, ESQ.

MR. MORT
Has received instructions to sell by public auction,
ON MONDAY, OCTOBER 1,
At 11 o'clock,

FOURTEEN YEARS' LEASE OF THE COTTAGE IN HUNTER-STREET, adjoining the residence of Mr. Attorney-General Plunkett. The lessee will be required to expend the sum of £200 upon the premises, subject to the approval of the surveyor of the vendors.
For all further particulars apply to the auctioneer. [illegible]

ILLAWARRA.

THE CELEBRATED ESTATE OF BALGOWNIE, SUBDIVIDED INTO EIGHT ELIGIBLE FARMS.

THIS BEAUTIFUL PROPERTY IS SITUATED ONLY THREE MILES FROM WOLLONGONG, THE LAND IS EQUAL IN VALUE TO ANY IN THIS JUSTLY CELEBRATED AND IMPROVING DISTRICT, THE SALE THEREFORE AFFORDS TO SMALL CAPITALISTS AN OPPORTUNITY WHICH DOES NOT OFTEN OCCUR OF ACQUIRING, AT A REASONABLE COST, AN EXCELLENT FARM.

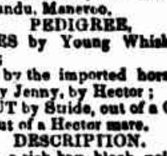
MR. MORT
Has received instructions to sell by public auction, at his Rooms,
ON FRIDAY, OCTOBER 12,
At eleven o'clock,

THE BEAUTIFUL ESTATE OF BALGOWNIE, in the following lots—
LOT 1.
THE BALGOWNIE FARM,
Consisting of about 113 acres.
Upon this property is erected a weatherboard cottage, containing four large rooms, with verandah all round, eight feet wide, detached flagged kitchen and other out offices, forming a superior homestead. About ninety acres of this land have been cleared, and there is a
LARGE GARDEN,
Containing an excellent assortment of the choicest fruit trees.
There has been a Cottage erected in the Garden, which a small outlay would complete.
LOTS 2 to 8,
Consist of Farms varying in extent from
23 to 30 ACRES,
all abundantly watered by never-failing creeks. A great portion of this land is cleared, and is covered chiefly with clover, English rye grass, couch, &c. The uncleared is rich brush land.

This valuable agricultural property will be sold in lots to suit buyers at the sale.
Terms—Cash.
NO RESERVE. 5172

Sheriff's Office,
Sydney, 20th September, 1849.
WARLAND v. SECCOMB AND LEDSAM.

ON Thursday, This Day, 27th instant, the Sheriff will cause to be sold, at the London Tavern, George-street, Sydney, at noon, all the right, title, and interest, other than an equity of redemption, of the above defendant, William Seccomb, of, in, and to a farm at Bo[i]anan, near Maitland, said to contain about 640 acres, part of which is in his occupation, and part let to tenants, unless this execution is previously satisfied.
ADOLPHUS W. YOUNG,
4950 Sheriff.



BAREBONES.

THIS thoroughbred racehorse will stand this Season, at Mr. John Greaff's station, Dulundu, Manerco,
PEDIGREE.
BAREBONES by Young Whisker, out of Starvegut;
WHISKER by the imported horse Waisker, out of Grey Jenny, by Hector;
STARVEGUT by Stride, out of a Cammerton, her dam out of a Hector mare.
DESCRIPTION.
Barebones is a rich bay, black points, star on forehead, has great bone, stands fifteen hands and a half high, and most docile temper.
Terms;—30s. each mare; if more than three the property of one person, 25s. per mare, and 2s. 6d. groomage, all payments to be made on or before the 1st January, 1850.
N.B.—Any mares sent this horse, not having a foal, so that it is clearly shown that she was not made slip it by riding, or ill usage, will be allowed the use of the horse gratis the following season.
Good secure paddocks will be provided, and every attention paid to mares sent, but no risk incurred. [illegible]

TO STAND, AT BROWNLOW HILL, CAMDEN,
The celebrated Arab CRAB.
Terms, £3 3s., including groomage. 4897

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